

BEACH PRESENT AT SCENE SAYS STAR WITNESS

Sanderson Positively Identifies Poultry Raiser as Man He Saw Running Away From Murder Scene.

Court House, Mays Landing, N. J., Dec. 6.—Shortly after the defense had rested its case in the Lillendahl murder trial today, the prosecution created a furor of excitement in the courtroom, which acted as a bombshell to the defense case, when Harry S. Sanderson, state's witness, was recalled to the stand and positively identified Willis Beach, co-defendant with Mrs. Margaret Lillendahl, as the man he saw running away from the murder scene on September 15.

Sanderson's appearance was a terrific blow to the defense, although his first appearance on the stand had been a distinct failure from the prosecution's standpoint. At that time, he had been so uncertain in his identification, that the court ordered him held under surveillance.

Ohio Salesman
Today Sanderson, a Sidney, Ohio salesman, returned to the stand and, after asserting that he wished to correct his former testimony, stated positively that Willis Beach, alleged illicit lover of Dr. William Lillendahl's widow, was the man he saw running toward a blue coupe on the Atison road from the lane where the doctor was slain.

His astounding reversal of testimony came within a few minutes after Mrs. Margaret Lillendahl, the accused widow, had left the stand, haggard and drawn, after an hour of severe cross-examination.

Sanderson's testimony was brief and emphatic. He left the stand without cross-examination.

Star Witness
With the exception of Samuel Bark, Texas lawyer, trick roper, etc., who claims that Beach confessed the crime to him in a plea for funds, Sanderson was regarded out as the state's star witness. His testimony positively places Beach at the murder scene where Mrs. Lillendahl claims negro thugs set upon her husband. Beach asserts he was at home, 23 miles away, at the time.

Beach, the jaunty little 50-year-old chicken, sneered in his chair as Sanderson talked.

Widow Shows Strain
Mrs. Lillendahl, physically spent from two days of grilling, rested her chin wearily on her hands. Her two days of testimony have been punctuated by sudden breakdowns and sobs and her face plainly showed the strain of the ordeal today.

The state then began calling a number of rebuttal witnesses, including detectives and investigators who caught up the various "loose ends" of their previous testimony.

One of the more important rebuttal witnesses was Leon Morris, a Millville youth, who testified that he saw Mrs. Lillendahl five miles from her home at ten minutes of eight on the morning of the murder. Mrs. Lillendahl has said she did not leave home until 8:30 and then to take her child to school.

Throughout the trial, the state's witnesses have contradicted both

WILL TAKE 10 DAYS FOR SINCLAIR TRIAL

Court Attaches Think That Defendants Will be Found Guilty Finally.

Washington, Dec. 6.—Opinion prevailed in the court room at noon today that the tidal wave of highly technical legal argument launched by defense counsel will fall to save Harry F. Sinclair, millionaire oil magnate, and William J. Burns, the detective, from standing trial for criminal contempt.

Justice Frederick L. Siddons, after the fourth hour of defense argument, interrupted to ask how long opposing counsel thought the contempt trial would run should the court decide to hear the district attorney's witnesses rather than dismiss the proceedings for lack of cause as requested.

Sinclair, Burns and four of their associates have been hauled into court by District Attorney Peyton Gordon to explain why Sinclair's action in imposing an "improper surveillance" on Burns detectives over the right of attorneys for each of the six defendants to cross-examine the six witnesses, he thought the trial might run ten days.

They Hold the Senatorial Balance of Power



These are the nine insurgent Senators who'll hold the balance of power in the upper chamber during the present session of Congress. In votes along party lines theirs will be the decisive ballots. They are: (1) Brookhart, of Iowa; (2) Nye, North Dakota; (3) Howell, Nebraska; (4) Blaine, Wisconsin; (5) Shipstead, Minnesota; (6) Borah, Idaho; (7) Norris, Nebraska; (8) La Follette, Wisconsin, and (9) Frazer, North Dakota.

700 Year Old Grave Held Great Treasure

Leningrad, Soviet Russia, Dec. 6.—Gold and silver art works and the frame of a saddle in which the owner had hoped to make triumphal entry into heaven, have just been brought here from Krasnoyarsk, Siberia, where they were found in the 700-year-old grave of a Nordic chieftain.

This archaeological discovery, which is regarded as one of the most remarkable in recent years, was made by Prof. Ivan Topoluhov about two miles from Krasnoyarsk. The contents of the grave will be shown in the Leningrad Archaeological Museum.

A huge cedar coffin, perfectly preserved, was found during an excavation. The gold and silver alone were believed worth \$100,000. The chieftain was buried with a gold and silver riding habit for the heavily journey. The saddle was studded with gold of exquisite workmanship.

Prof. Topoluhov, upon opening the coffin, was amazed by the display of precious metals. The stirrups attached to the saddle were made of solid silver. Over the skeleton of the chieftain—a giant standing six feet seven inches in life—were a gold and silver robe, a reindeer belt studded with gold nuggets, gold earrings and sandals of silver lace.

There were more than a dozen silver bowls, a silver canteen and a gold and silver handled riding crop.

STAMFORD FIGHTS TELEPHONE RATES

Mayor Phillips Wants Company to Show Why They Raised Prices.

Stamford, Conn., Dec. 6.—Mayor Phillips today urged the Public Utilities Commission to order the Southern New England Telephone Company to submit a complete inventory of its properties as a basis for making the company's new rates. The commission came here as a unit, today, to hear the city of Stamford's protest against an increase in telephone rates, and Mayor Phillips spent most of the morning in explaining his views on the new rates.

Mayor Phillips suggested that a commission of three be appointed to study the company and decide whether a fair return on its investment, after first learning "what its investment really is." The mayor desired one member of the commission be named by the company or the commission, one by the city, and a third by the two together. He would have the company pay the cost of such investigation.

Wants to See Records
Mayor Phillips charged before the commission that the telephone company had informally submitted the proposed increase and received an informal approval before the rates were put in force. He asked that all the records be made public, interrupted to ask how long opposing counsel thought the contempt trial would run should the court decide to hear the district attorney's witnesses rather than dismiss the proceedings for lack of cause as requested.

Mr. Knight also declared that twenty-three per cent of Stamford residents live in homes of \$70 a month rental value, and sees thirty-three per cent of the population in expensive homes in 1946.

TREASURY BALANCE
Washington, Dec. 6.—Treasury balance Dec. 3: \$13,197,816.32.

SPECIAL TOWN MEETING TO BE HELD ON DEC. 16

Purchase of High School and Connecticut Co. Property To Be Voted On—Cheney Gives Summary.

The Board of Selectmen voted last night to call a special town meeting to consider the purchase of the High school building from Cheney Brothers and the purchase of the Connecticut Company property to be held on Friday evening, December 16. The High school purchase and the purchase of the Connecticut Company property will be the only question to be voted on at this meeting, unless plans made last night by the Selectmen are changed.

The Selectmen also voted last night to empower the Highway committee to proceed with the preliminary work necessary to the widening of Birch street from 33 feet to 40 feet. The Highway committee was empowered to employ experts in appraising the land to be effected by the widening and to purchase the Birch street widening question can be put to a town meeting for a decision, it is not expected the matter can come before the meeting this month.

Business of Meeting
The special meeting on Friday evening, Dec. 16, will be held in High school hall. The meeting will first be asked to vote whether the town will establish and maintain a High school. It will then be asked to decide whether or not to purchase the present High school building from Cheney Brothers at a cost of \$204,601.49. Then matters relative to leasing or renting portions of the Franklin school and Recreation Center and heating the High school building will be discussed and voted upon. An appropriation for the purchase of the High school will then be asked.

Then the town will be asked to purchase the Connecticut Company property for \$27,500 and to authorize a bond issue of \$232,000 to cover the two purchases.

25 Year Bonds
It is proposed to recommend that the \$232,000 bond issue extend

(Continued on Page 3)

RECORD OF YEAR 1685 BROUGHT INTO COURT

Bridgeport Man Has Deeds Family Got From the Indians.

Bridgeport, Conn., Dec. 6.—A deed transferring property along a beach at Compo Millpond from the Indians to the original proprietors of Fairfield in 1680, the original documents showing how the general court of Connecticut, sitting in 1685, ratified the Indian grant, are among more than one hundred documents reposing in the court room of Judge John R. Booth, of Danbury, in the superior court here today.

The case in which the documents are being used is that of William A. Borden, of New Haven, against the town of Westport. Borden is suing the town because of its insistence upon using the beach as public property. His suit, which he brought several years ago by Judge Leonard J. Nickerson, now retired, and decided in favor of the town. Mr. Borden appealed and the supreme court set aside the decision on the ground that certain evidence was inadmissible and ordered a new trial.

Mr. Borden claimed he can show that the property has been in his family without a break since the first white people entered what is now Westport, the town put on its oldest inhabitants who testified they had used the beach since they were little children.

U. S. IS PEACEFUL, PROSPEROUS, SAYS PRESIDENT IN MESSAGE

NORRIS STARTS FIGHT TO BAR TWO SENATORS

Insurgent Leader Begins Anew His Battle to Keep Out Smith and Vare From the Senate.

Washington, Dec. 6.—Senator George W. Norris, Republican of Nebraska this afternoon launched the Democratic-Insurgent battle to bar Senators-elect Frank L. Smith, Republican of Illinois, and William S. Vare, Republican of Pennsylvania, at the door of the senate.

The insurgent leader attacked the right of either Smith or Vare to sit in the Senate. He denounced their elections as a "battleground of millions" and declared that the Senate would have to "haul down the flag and raise the dollar sign above the capitol" if they were seated.

Norris charged that both men had purchased their Senatorial togas, that the contributions to their huge campaign funds were investments on which the donors expected rewards, and that their election credentials were tainted with fraud and corruption.

WARS PAINLESS IN THE FUTURE

Chemical Engineer Predicts What's Going to Happen in Years to Come.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 6.—Future wars will be as painless and pleasant as an appendicitis operation. This remark was cast at the prognosticators of horrible warfare today by Dr. H. C. Parmelee of New York, secretary of the American Institute of Chemical Engineers, in session in St. Louis.

"It is time we took steps to counteract the continued hokum about the horrors of chemical warfare," Parmelee said.

"Undoubtedly international conflicts of the future will be fought out with gas and other chemicals, but they will be far more humane, less bloody and more painless than if shot and shell were used exclusively."

Charge of Surgeons
The charge of a modern army will be more like a corps of surgeons advancing with their anaesthetic equipment. Chemical engineers are applying themselves to the discovery of new drugs and to the development of a national conservatory of music, while Rep. Kindred, Democrat of New York, urged establishment of a national police bureau.

Rep. Elliott, Republican of Indiana, wants to prohibit use of the United States capitol for parade.

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COURT REBUKES REMUS FOR ACTION AT TRIAL

Bootleg King is Threatened by Judge Who Loses His Patience.

Court House, Cincinnati, Ohio, Dec. 6.—A dramatic episode in the Remus melodrama was staged in Criminal Court today when George Remus, who is acting as his own lawyer at his trial for the murder of his wife, Imogene, engaged in a violent argument with Judge Chester R. Shook, who threatened to cite him for contempt of court.

The sheriff and bailiffs put Remus back into his chair by force. Meanwhile, Remus' pretty daughter, Ramona, sitting in the prisoner's dock with her father, urged him not to do "anything rash."

Judge Shook lost his patience completely for the first time during the trial. He rebuked Remus sharply.

Later when he calmed down, and after a long conference with attorneys for both sides, he expressed regret.

"The court feels upon reflection that the particular language used by the court was not justified," said Judge Shook.

Remus promptly jumped to his feet and apologized.

President's Message In Tabloid

NATIONAL DEFENSE—Congress should authorize moderate Navy building program of submarines, airplane carriers and cruisers.

FARM RELIEF—Agricultural conditions are improved. Will support "any sound proposal," but none involving price-fixing.

FLOOD CONTROL—Congress should proceed cautiously, confining action this session to lower Mississippi valley.

TAX REDUCTION—Taxes can be safely reduced not more than \$225,000,000.

GOVERNMENT ECONOMY—Continue it rigorously.

MERCHANT MARINE—Public operation unsuccessful. Government should get out of the business.

TARIFF—Don't tinker with it.

INLAND NAVIGATION—Boulder Dam should be authorized.

PROHIBITION—All citizens should obey the law; government will enforce it to best of its ability.

COAL—President should be empowered to intervene in strikes.

RAILROAD CONSOLIDATION—For further efficiency railroads must consolidate.

EDUCATION—Should have separate department and seat in the Cabinet.

FOREIGN RELATIONS—At peace with all nations and open to remain so.

THE NEGRO—Should be protected by anti-lynching bill.

MUSCLE SHOALS—Should be disposed of.

AVIATION—Should be promoted commercially, and particularly air mail service between countries of Western Hemisphere.

Prohibition Bills Flood Both Houses of Congress

More Than a Score of Them, the Majority Wet—6,000 Bills on Every Conceivable Subject.

Washington, Dec. 6.—Prohibition, post offices and pensions rule the thoughts of congressmen, if the 6,000 bills on file today in the house are a fair indication of the business of the 70th session.

More than a score of prohibition bills, the majority "wet," were introduced. They range from repeal of the Volstead Act and restoration of state rights to a national referendum. Two dry bills drastically increasing penalties for violation of the liquor laws appeared.

Almost every conceivable subject of legislation is in the vast grist of measures tossed into the legislative hopper before the new Congress is 24 hours old. They reach out to solve the coal question and descend to a bill making it unlawful to interfere with carrier pigeons in flight.

Some of the Bills
Rep. Well, Democrat of New York, proposed that dry bills establish a national conservatory of music, while Rep. Kindred, Democrat of New York, urged establishment of a national police bureau.

(Continued on Page 2)

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His Recommendations Cover Variety of Subjects, From Tax Reduction to Strengthening the Navy—Refers To Failure at Geneva; Writes on Farm Relief, Flood Control, Prohibition, Education, Railroad Con- solidation and Other Vital Subjects.

Washington, Dec. 6.—A satisfying picture of American conditions—peaceful and prosperous—was presented to the new Congress today by President Coolidge in his annual message.

He accompanied it with recommendations covering a variety of subjects, ranging from tax reduction to strengthening the Navy. Today's message was the longest Mr. Coolidge has transmitted to Congress during his five years in the presidency, but the politicians searched it in vain for some hint as to his future political plans.

"It is gratifying to report," said Mr. Coolidge, "that for the fourth consecutive year the state of the Nation in general is good. We are at peace. The country as a whole has had a prosperity never exceeded. Wages are at their highest range; employment is plentiful. Some parts of agriculture and industry have lagged; some localities have suffered from storm and flood. But such losses have been absorbed without serious detriment to our great economic structure."

Chief Recommendations
Outstanding among the president's recommendations to the new Congress is his recommendation that the Navy be immediately strengthened—move that be passed last session on the eve of the ill-fated Geneva naval conference. Referring to the failure at Geneva, the president said:

"We need a very substantial rearmament of the Navy. We need submarines... airplane carriers and a material addition to its force of cruisers. We can plan for the future and begin a moderate building program."

"The President was quick to deny, however, if the Navy had been competitive, arming. Even had Japan, Great Britain and the United States been able to agree upon a naval limitation at Geneva, he said, it still would have been necessary to build additional ships to round out the American Navy."

"The failure to agree," he said, "should not cause us to build either more or less than we otherwise should."

"This country has put away the old world policy of competitive armaments. We should enter on no competition in that line. But we should refrain from no needful program. It should be known to all that our military power holds no threat of aggrandizement."

"Wherever our flag goes the rights of humanity increase." In many of his recommendations, the President found himself retracing the familiar paths of previous messages.

He dwelt at considerable length on the continued need for governmental economy; he gave his complete support to the treasury program of not to exceed \$225,000,000; he reiterated his opposition to the McNary-Haugen farm bill, which he vetoed last season; he again advised that the government get out of the shipping business; he warned against any tinkering with the Federal Reserve; he bespoke the government's determination to enforce prohibition to the best of its ability; approved the Boulder Dam project; recommended the enactment of an anti-lynching bill; endorsed broad consolidations; asked for Congressional authority to intervene in coal strikes; favored creation of a federal department of education with a place in the Cabinet; and urged Congress to deal cautiously and carefully with the problem of flood control.

Concerning flood control, the President declared that "it is necessary to look upon this emergency as a national disaster," but he advised Congress against rushing headlong into any great national program.

"Legislation this session," he said, "should be confined to our principal and most pressing problem, the lower Mississippi, considering tributaries only so far as they materially affect the main flood problem."

He added significantly that "the recognized needs of the Mississippi should not be made a vehicle for carrying other projects" a rather

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Local Stocks

Table of local stock prices including Bank Stocks, Insurance Stocks, and Public Utility Stocks.

N. Y. Stocks

Table of New York stock prices including Allied Chem, Am Can, and various industrial stocks.

Rockville

ROCKVILLE NAMES FOSTER ITS MAYOR Gets Plurality of 321; Council Remains on Republican Side.

REBEKAHS ENTERTAIN ASSEMBLY OFFICERS

Over 100 Enjoy Turkey Dinner in Odd Fellows Hall—Initiate Five.

BEACH PRESENT AT SCENE SAYS STAR WITNESS

(Continued from Page 1) Mrs. Lillendahl and Beach in their stories to their whereabouts and actions on the fatal day.

DR. DURKEE COMING FOR MISSION SERVICE SUNDAY

Pastor of Famous Plymouth Church to Preach at Second Union Meeting.

ABOUT TOWN

Sunday school teachers of the German Lutheran Concordia church held their monthly business meeting in the church parlors last evening.

LEAGUE DISCUSSES PROBLEM OF OPIUM

(continued from page 1) situation I have talked at length with both Premier Valdemaras, of Lithuania, and M. Zaleski, I am now absolutely certain that war between those states has been averted.

Coffee and 'Punkins'

A New England lady said, a good many years ago, "It takes more than a punkin to make a good punkin pie."

NATION IS PROSPEROUS

DECLARES PRESIDENT (Continued from Page 1) pointed reference to the danger of pork-barrel appropriations growing out of this problem.

HOSPITAL NOTES

Admissions to Memorial hospital reported today were Len Mervin, 15, 135 West Main street, Ralph Strickland of North street and Lucille Beebe of Talcottville.

ABOUT TOWN

A son was born yesterday at Mrs. Howe's Maternity Home to Mr. and Mrs. Eric Carlson of Elizabeth Place.

PROHIBITION BILLS

FLOOD BOTH HOUSES (Continued from page 1) concert or flag display purposes by any organization without consent of the city.

How to Make Yuban

Use a rounded tablespoon of green YUBAN to each cup of fresh water, bring to a boil.

Dancing

"Learn Dancing From Known Dancers"

AL and TED RONDEAU

Stage and Modern School of Dancing Room 3, State Theater Building, A Branch from Hartford.

MANSLAUGHTER CHARGE

Alfred Gottler will appear in City Court tomorrow to answer a charge of manslaughter in connection with the death of Gilbert Doderowski who was run down by Gottler's car on Sunday, Nov. 20.

VIOLIN OUTFITS

FOR CHRISTMAS \$10 to \$300 Fine Selection Kemp's

RE-OPENING ANNOUNCEMENT

TUESDAY NIGHT, DEC. 6 Maple Terrace Inn ANDOVER—ON STATE ROAD DINING AND DANCING

THE TOWN PLAYERS PRESENT 'MINICK' DIRECTED BY LOUIS SMITH A PLAY OF THE OLD AND THE NEW CIRCLE THEATER WEDNESDAY AT 8:15

STATE South Manchester Today and Tomorrow THOMAS MEIGHAN THE CITY GONE WILD

THURSDAY ONE DAY ONLY THURSDAY LAURA LA PLANTE in Beware of Widows ADDED ATTRACTION PANETTA BROTHERS THE TWO MUSICAL BOYS

GRAND BAZAAR Given by Orange Hall Corporation December 8-9-10 SEASON TICKETS 25c Entertainment by Well known Clements Bureau of Hartford Music by Waddell's Famous Five Piece Orchestra Come! Everyone! Come! Dancing Free Every Night

SPECIAL TOWN MEETING TO BE HELD ON DEC. 16

(continued from page 1)

over a period of 25 years. This will mean an average increase in the tax rate of 1 1-2 mills a year. The Selectmen feel that there is no objection whatever to the town's plan to purchase the present High school building...

Curbing Hearing A hearing was held on the laying of curbing on Cambridge street. All the property owners present favored the granite curbing and it was voted. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. George F. Borst, Axel Johnson, Charles F. Marshall, Warren I. Keith, Charles Lewis, G. Samuel Bohlin, John Miller, M. and Mrs. Samuel Moore, Volmar Thompson, Joseph C. Benson was represented by G. H. Waddell and favored the curbing. J. Richard Johnson was represented by a letter and favored granite curbing.

Cheney Cost Resume A resume of the cost of the High school building and equipment now owned by Cheney Brothers was presented to the Selectmen. The board recently held a meeting with Howell Cheney, chairman of the town's committee on the purchase of the High school building and equipment...

Howell Cheney's resume which, in reality, answers all financial questions relating to the proposed transaction follows: COST OF BUILDING TO CHENEY BROTHERS ON SEVERAL BASES A. The actual cost to Cheney Brothers of the building and furniture as shown by their books, plus the assessed value of the building is \$204,601.49, distributed as follows: Buildings \$157,074.21 Furniture 20,027.28 Land, at assessed 27,500.00 B. The assessed value of the buildings without the furniture, upon which the assessors have placed no value is \$226,000. Plus the assessed value of the land of \$27,500 makes a total of \$253,500. C. The sound value of the buildings and furniture, plus the assessed value of the land, is \$336,230.60, distributed as follows: Sound value, building, \$296,000.00 Sound value, furniture 12,750.00 Assessed value, land 27,500.00 The sound value is the assessed or replacement, less the degree of depreciation in which the building was found by the appraisers.

NOTE: This appraisal was made by Bliss & Cole, appraisers of Hartford, Conn. A certified copy was presented to the Selectmen. An estimate has been made to determine what the high school has actually cost to Cheney Brothers on the basis of the original cost; plus the permanent improvements and repairs; plus the insurance and plus the interest, which has been computed at 4 1-2 per cent from 1908 to 1910 inclusive, at 4 1-4 per cent from 1911 to 1921 inclusive, and at 4 per cent from 1922 to 1926 inclusive. This computation was made upon the assumption that Cheney Brothers have not only paid for the original cost of the building, plus the permanent improvements, repairs, and insurance, but have lost an interest compounded annually of the sums thus withdrawn from more profitable use. The aggregate cost of the Cheney Brothers on the basis of the above estimates at the end of the year 1927 will be \$486,111.99, distributed as follows: Original cost of high school building, furniture, land and equipment \$172,195.97 Additions and repairs from 1908 to 1927 44,887.85 Insurance, estimated from 1908 to 1927 9,769.41 Interest lost, compounded annually 259,258.76 An estimate has been made of what the high school would have cost the town if the original cost had been the same as that of Cheney Brothers, and this cost has

been amortized over 35 years, and the maintenance and permanent improvements and insurance paid for each year out of current taxes with interest at 4 per cent on each year's balance of principal indebtedness and at the same rate on all current expenses for six months out of each year. This estimate shows that the total cost to the town or district from 1907 to 1931 inclusive of the building, furniture, equipment and land, plus permanent improvements, repairs, insurance and interest, amortized over 25 years, would have been \$327,327.07.

On the basis of the above estimates several calculations have been made to show what proportion of these several sums Cheney Brothers would have paid, or the town or district would have paid. And will have paid, compared with what the same parties will have paid if the property is now purchased by the town or district for the proposed sum of \$204,601.49.

In making these comparisons it is supposed that Cheney Brothers hereafter will assume 3 per cent of the amount of any indebtedness assumed by the district, when the school is taken over; these percentages being the ratio which the total valuation of Cheney Brothers' property and that of their allied companies at present (1926-27) bears to the total grand list of the town or district respectively.

On the basis that the building is to be sold by Cheney Brothers for \$204,601.49 and the town or district is to pay off this indebtedness in 25 years, it will ultimately have paid at the end of 25 years in 1952, \$1,900 each \$1.00 of each \$1.00 of indebtedness. Therefore at the end of 25 years the purchase price of \$204,601.49 will have amounted, including repairs, insurance and interest, to \$204,601.49 multiplied by 1.90, or \$388,742.83. Of this amount, if the building is purchased by the town or district, it will have paid 36 per cent and the other taxpayers 64 per cent, provided the ratio of Cheney Brothers' property to the rest of the property of the town remains at the same level as in 1926-27. If the building is purchased by the district, Cheney Brothers will have paid 48 per cent and the other property holders 52 per cent. On this basis the distribution will have been as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Includes: Purchased by the town: Cheney Bros. 36 p. c. \$139,947.42 Other taxpayers 64 p. c. 248,795.41 Total \$388,742.83. Purchased by the district: Cheney Bros. 48 p. c. \$186,596.56 Other taxpayers 52 p. c. 202,146.27 Total \$388,742.83.

From the above we may make a final estimate of what the whole project will have cost Cheney Brothers when the town debt created by the purchase price of \$204,601.29 is finally retired in 25 years. Cost to Cheney Brothers: 1927 \$486,111.99 Less credit received by Cheney Brothers for sale Dec. 31, 1927 204,601.49 Net cost to Cheney Brothers up to Dec. 31, 1927 281,510.50 Repaid by Cheney Brothers in next 25 years up to 1952 (36 p. c.) 139,947.42 Total cost to Cheney Brothers up to 1952 421,457.92 Total cost to other taxpayers up to 1952 (64 p. c.) 248,795.41 The only probable error in this very hypothetical estimate is that Cheney Brothers should have paid at the end of the next 25 years with their net indebtedness up to Dec. 31, 1927 of \$281,510.50, compounded annually at 4 per cent, at this amount times \$2.66, which equals \$748,817.92.

In other words, on the basis of these estimates Cheney Brothers will have lost on the High school, if they received \$204,601.49 on Dec. 31, 1927, \$281,510.50; and this loss by 1952 will have been compounded at 4 per cent to \$748,817.92. The total cost to the other taxpayers in 1952 will have been \$248,795.45. Accompanying the above summary Mr. Cheney sent to the Board of Selectmen several tables bearing out the statements which he has made. These tables will be at the special town meeting so that any questions relative to the relative costs to Cheney Brothers, the district or town, of a high school over a period of years can be readily answered.

Town Engineer Bowen was instructed to prepare maps showing the layout of the Connecticut Company property to show the taxpayers. BOOZE SELLERS FINED Winsted, Conn., Dec. 6.—Three Litchfield county towns today saw justice take action in liquor law violations. Philip Curtis, novelist-justice at Norfolk, heard a novellist of the evidence against Peter Staryk and held him under \$250 bail for a further hearing. Justice O'Donnell, Cornwall, fined Byron Hall, of Cornwall Hollow, \$150 and costs because state police found a ten-gallon still on Hall's property. Justice Moore, of CShaan, imposed a fine of \$400 and costs on Casare Vasella, of North Canaan, for driving a truck load of beer into the town.

MYSTIC REVIEW ELECTS NEW SET OF OFFICERS

Mrs. Grace Best Becomes President—To Hold Christmas Party Dec. 19.

Election of officers for the coming year took place at the meeting of Mystic Review, Women's Benefit Association, in Tinker hall last evening, with the following result: President, Mrs. Grace Best. Vice President—Mrs. Margaret McCourt. Past President—Mrs. Annie McLagan. Junior Supervisor, Mrs. Hazel Fahy. Corresponding secretary, Mrs. Alice Hunter. Financial secretary—Mrs. Anna Wade. Treasurer—Mrs. Pauline Berrett. Chaplain—Mrs. Cyrus Tyler. Sergeant—Mrs. Mildred Sanderson. Lady of Ceremonies—Mrs. J. M. Franz. Musician—Mrs. Ada Peckham. Inner hostess—Mrs. Grace Howland. Outer hostess—Mrs. Margaret Kellner. Press correspondent—Mrs. Margaret McCourt. Mrs. J. M. Franz was appointed chairman for the January Christmas party which is to be held on Monday evening the 19th with a tree and Santa Claus.

Mrs. Grace Best expressed her satisfaction at the response by the members for the Vermont sufferers. Three large boxes had been sent to the flood-stricken region, and in the collection was 30 warm coats and many other useful articles of apparel.

900 FISHERMEN MAROONED

Moscow, Dec. 6.—Fear that the majority of the 900 fishermen marooned in the ice-locked Caspian Sea have frozen to death or drowned in attempts to reach shore, was felt today. Pilots of airplanes who have been dropping food to the fishermen reported that the number of occupants of the stranded boats has been greatly decreased.

NEW MAYOR

Willimantic, Conn., Dec. 6.—Charles A. Gates, sheriff for Windham county, takes office as mayor of Willimantic, next week, for the fourth time. He was elected yesterday in the eighteenth annual biennial election, as were nearly all the Republican candidates. Republicans held five of seven places on the City Council, the total vote cast was 3,250, the Republicans having an average majority of 310 votes.

TOWN ADVERTISEMENT

BOARD OF SELECTMEN TOWN OF MANCHESTER DECISION

Of the Selectmen of the Town of Manchester, Conn., upon the proposal of Selectmen for the establishment of building and veranda lines on the east and west side of Bond Street, between Hollister Street on the north and Delmont Street on the south. Upon proposal of Selectmen for the establishment of building and veranda lines on the east side of Bond Street, between Hollister Street on the north and Delmont Street on the south, and from said point the building line is thirty (30) feet east of and parallel to the east line of Bond Street to a point 100 feet east of the south line of Hollister Street on the north, and from said point the building line is ten (10) feet east of and parallel to the east line of Bond Street to the south line of Hollister Street on the north.

Of the Selectmen of the Town of Manchester, Conn., upon the proposal of Selectmen for the establishment of building and veranda lines on the east side of Bond Street to ten (10) feet east of and parallel to the east line of Bond Street from the north line of Delmont Street, and from said point the building line is thirty (30) feet east of and parallel to the west line of Bond Street to a point 100 feet east of the south line of Hollister Street on the north, and from said point the building line is ten (10) feet east of and parallel to the east line of Bond Street to the south line of Hollister Street on the north.

Of the Selectmen of the Town of Manchester, Conn., upon the proposal of Selectmen for the establishment of building and veranda lines on the west side of Bond Street to ten (10) feet west of and parallel to the west line of Bond Street from the north line of Delmont Street, and from said point the building line is thirty (30) feet west of and parallel to the west line of Bond Street to a point 100 feet west of the south line of Hollister Street on the north, and from said point the building line is ten (10) feet west of and parallel to the west line of Bond Street to the south line of Hollister Street on the north.

Table with 4 columns: Property Owner, Feet Frontage, Damages, Benefits. Lists names like Howard Thornton, Sidney and Mabel French, Edward J. Holl, etc.

ABOUT TOWN

The Salvation Army band of this town will broadcast next Sunday afternoon from WTIC for an hour beginning at 4:30. The band will play and the chorus among the members will sing. The broadcast is in charge of Brigadier Bates of Hartford and is in connection with the Salvation Army drive for funds for a Christmas dinner being conducted in Hartford and elsewhere.

Miss Emma Colver of Woodbury street will be the speaker at the supper and meeting of the teachers and substitute teachers of Second Congregational church this evening. Miss Colver will give an informal talk on her trip abroad this summer telling especially about the work of her brother-in-law, Rev. E. B. Porter, and his daughter Miss Margaret Porter who she visited. Rev. Porter is the representative missionary of this church in Czechoslovakia. The lecture will not be given before 7:30 and any of the church people who would like to hear it will be welcomed.

TICKET AGENT KILLED

Chicago, Dec. 6.—M. A. Ford, 35, ticket agent at the 35th street elevated station, was shot and killed by a bandit who attempted to hold him up early today. Ford was in his cage when the bandit appeared and commanded him to stick 'em up.' The agent refused and was promptly shot above the heart, dying on the way to a hospital. The negro fled without attempting to seize the cash drawer receipts.

TO USE BULLETS

Warsaw, Dec. 6.—Members of the Polish Parliament who have been left with considerable idle time on their hands owing to the adjournment of the body, are going to "learn to defend their country with bullets instead of words," according to the newspaper Express copying today. The legislators, who have reported that their military training term will form a militia company of their own to learn soldiering.

Y. DIRECTOR MARRIES

Middletown, Conn., Dec. 6.—It became known here today that Ivar F. Hall, physical director of the Middletown Y. M. C. A. was married on Nov. 26 to Miss F. Athena Taylor, secretary of the "Y" organization. The marriage took place in Winsted where the groom was formerly physical director of the Y. M. C. A. there.

S. A. LADIES TO HOLD XMAS SALE TOMORROW

Brigadier Bates of Hartford to Open Affairs—To be Conducted Two Nights.

The Women's Home League of the Salvation Army, which corresponds with the Ladies Aid organizations of the churches, is joining with the Young People's Legion in the annual Christmas sale which will be opened at the Citadel tomorrow evening at 7 o'clock by Brigadier Bates of Hartford and again Thursday evening. The Salvation Army orchestra, will provide music and no entrance fee will be asked. There will be a variety of candy, ice cream, hot chocolate and coffee, cake and other good things sold, as well as articles suitable for gifts in hand-made baskets and fancy goods, ladies and children's dresses and other garments for men, women and children.

Mrs. Arthur Kittle is secretary and Mrs. Ernest Clough treasurer of the league which now numbers 27. The women meet to sew every month of the year but August on Thursday afternoons from 2 to 4, and accomplish a great deal of work, as well as aiding in the expenses of the Army.

HIGHLAND PARK

The lampshade class will meet this evening at the clubhouse. There will be no instruction in basketry tonight.

LEAVES FOR CAPITAL

Curtis Field, N. Y., Dec. 6.—Captain George Haldeman, co-pilot with Miss Ruth Elder in an unsuccessful attempt to fly across the Atlantic ocean, left here at 9:40 a. m., today for Bolling Field, Washington. He planned to attend the Air Congress of the Department of Commerce in the national capital this afternoon. Tomorrow morning Haldeman is to leave Washington for Savannah, Ga. Thursday he will fly to Lakeland, Fla., to be present at the dedication there of Haldeman-Elder flying field.

TOWN ADVERTISEMENT

BOARD OF SELECTMEN TOWN OF MANCHESTER DECISION

Of the Selectmen of the Town of Manchester, Conn., upon the proposal of Selectmen for the establishment of building and veranda lines on the north and south side of Scarborough Road, between Autumn Street on the east and Westminster Road on the west. Upon proposal of Selectmen for the establishment of building and veranda lines on the north side and the south side of Scarborough Road between Autumn Street, on the east and Westminster Road on the west, the Selectmen of the Town of Manchester, Conn., acting under and pursuant to Section 9 (44) (House Bill No. 1049), Special Laws of Connecticut, 1913, and Sections 1-5 (452) Special Laws Conn., 1917, enacted for amending an Act concerning the nomination of candidates for public office, and the number, powers and duties of town officers in the Town of Manchester, approved April 9th, 1913, and October 1st, 1917, having caused a copy of the proposed order designating and establishing building and veranda lines on Scarborough Road, a highway within said Town of Manchester, to be filed in the Town Clerk's office in said Manchester, and published at least twice in a newspaper printed in said Manchester, at least five days before date of said hearing, and deposited a copy of said proposed order, together with a notice in a Post Office in said town, postage paid, directed to the person or persons interested at his or their last known address, five days before said hearing,—for the purpose of designating and establishing building and veranda lines, appraising the damages, and assessing the benefits caused by laying out said building and veranda lines under said petition and proposed order by the provisions of said Sections,—met at the Municipal Building in said Town of Manchester on the 31st day of October A. D. 1927, at eight o'clock in the afternoon,—the time and place designated in said notice, and, having viewed the premises and heard all the parties present and interested,—deem it for the public good to designate and establish building and veranda lines on said Scarborough Road under said petition, and proposed order, and it is

ORDERED.—That from and after the 25th day of November, 1927, building and veranda lines on said highway known as Bond Street be and they are hereby designated and established as follows, to wit:— EAST SIDE. The building line on the east side of Bond Street is ten (10) feet east of and parallel to the east line of Bond Street from the north line of Delmont Street, and from said point the building line is thirty (30) feet east of and parallel to the east line of Bond Street to a point 100 feet east of the south line of Hollister Street on the north, and from said point the building line is ten (10) feet east of and parallel to the east line of Bond Street to the south line of Hollister Street on the north.

Of the Selectmen of the Town of Manchester, Conn., upon the proposal of Selectmen for the establishment of building and veranda lines on the north side of Scarborough Road to ten (10) feet north of and parallel to the north line of Scarborough Road from the west line of Autumn Street on the east to the east line of Lancaster Road on the west, and from the west line of Lancaster Road the building line on the north side of Scarborough Road is thirty (30) feet north of and parallel to the north line of Scarborough Road to a point 100 feet east of the east line of Westminister Road on the west, and from said point the building line is ten (10) feet north of and parallel to the north line of Scarborough Road to the east line of Westminister Road on the west.

Table with 4 columns: Property Owner, Feet Frontage, Damages, Benefits. Lists names like Howard Thornton, Sidney and Mabel French, Edward J. Holl, etc.

COOLIDGE APPOINTMENTS

Washington, Dec. 6.—President Coolidge today sent the following recess appointments to the Senate for confirmation: Robert H. Gids of Minnesota as under-secretary of state. Nelson T. Johnson of Oklahoma as assistant secretary of state. Joseph C. Grew of New York, as ambassador to Turkey. Dwight W. Morrow of New Jersey as ambassador to Mexico. Noble B. Judah of Chicago as ambassador to Cuba.

CHICAGO IS THREATENED WITH BIG CAR STRIKE

More Than 20,000 Men Affected if Walkout is Called Monday

Chicago, Dec. 6.—A street car and elevated lines strike will be called in Chicago within a few days, perhaps Monday, it was announced today. More than 20,000 men employed by the two traction companies will be affected. The decision to call the strike was reached at a joint meeting of officials representing both unions. The walkout was voted last summer, but the strike order was held up pending negotiations. Upon proposal of Selectmen for the establishment of building and veranda lines on the south side of Comstock Road, between South Main Street on the east and Comstock Road on the west, the Selectmen of the Town of Manchester, Conn., acting under and pursuant to Section 9 (44) (House Bill No. 1049), Special Laws of Connecticut, 1913, and Sections 1-5 (452) Special Laws Conn., 1917, enacted for amending an Act concerning the nomination of candidates for public office, and the number, powers and duties of town officers in the Town of Manchester, approved April 9th, 1913, and October 1st, 1917, having caused a copy of the proposed order designating and establishing building and veranda lines on Arvine Place, a highway within said Town of Manchester, to be filed in the Town Clerk's office in said Manchester, and published at least twice in a newspaper printed in said Manchester, at least five days before date of said hearing, and deposited a copy of said proposed order, together with a notice in a Post Office in said town, postage paid, directed to the person or persons interested at his or their last known address, five days before said hearing,—for the purpose of designating and establishing building and veranda lines, appraising the damages, and assessing the benefits caused by laying out said building and veranda lines under said petition and proposed order by the provisions of said Sections,—met at the Municipal Building in said Town of Manchester, on the 31st day of October A. D. 1927, at eight o'clock in the afternoon,—the time and place designated in said notice, and, having viewed the premises and heard all the parties present and interested,—deem it for the public good to designate and establish building and veranda lines on said Scarborough Road under said petition, and proposed order, and it is

NORWALK'S NEW BOARD

Norwalk, Conn., Dec. 6.—Norwalk's new Board of Public Safety created by the 1921 Legislature and just becoming operative, today named three new police department officers, without regard for seniority. Fred Ernest Watson, and Martin Lengyel, who came here five years ago from a post as guard in the federal prison at Atlanta, were named lieutenants to date from January 1, next.

TOWN ADVERTISEMENT

BOARD OF SELECTMEN TOWN OF MANCHESTER DECISION

Of the Selectmen of the Town of Manchester, Conn., upon the proposal of Selectmen for the establishment of building and veranda lines on the south and west side of Arvine Place between South Main Street on the east and Comstock Road on the west, and from said point the building line is thirty-five (35) feet south of and parallel to the south line of Arvine Place to the south line of Comstock Road on the west, and from said point the building line is ten (10) feet south of and parallel to the south line of Arvine Place to the south line of Comstock Road on the west.

Of the Selectmen of the Town of Manchester, Conn., upon the proposal of Selectmen for the establishment of building and veranda lines on the south side of Arvine Place to twenty-five (25) feet south of and parallel to the south line of Arvine Place from the east line of South Main Street, and from said point the building line is thirty-five (35) feet south of and parallel to the south line of Arvine Place to the south line of Comstock Road on the west, and from said point the building line is ten (10) feet south of and parallel to the south line of Arvine Place to the south line of Comstock Road on the west.

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TAKEN HOME DYING, DIES FROM SHOCK

Auto in Which Girl is Riding Collides. With a Heavy Truck.

Darien, Conn., Dec. 6.—Coroner John J. Phelan came here this afternoon to conduct his inquest into the death of Angelina Curso, twenty-one, of Greenwich, who died from the shock of a crash between a taxi in which she was riding and an auto truck owned by a Boston concern here last night. Harold Schnautz, of Greenwich, and John Terp, of Allston, Boston, were placed under bail of \$2500 each pending the coroner's finding. Death came to Miss Curso as she was being taken home from the city sanitarium at Shelton where doctors reported her case as hopeless and gave two months as the limit of her life. Her father and brother went to Shelton yesterday in a taxicab to take her home. After the impact in which both the taxi and the truck were wrecked the girl was taken, unconscious, to Stamford hospital. At the hospital she was reported dead.

PEACE IN G. O. F.

Washington, Dec. 6.—Everything was in the Grand Old Party today. A meeting of the organization again held out the pipe of peace to rebellious Insurgents. A party conference formally authorized Senator Curtis of Kansas, the Republican leader, to "confer with the progressives" on their demand that he be guaranteed upon proposal of Selectmen for the establishment of building and veranda lines on the north side of Comstock Road, between South Main Street on the east and Comstock Road on the west, the Selectmen of the Town of Manchester, Conn., acting under and pursuant to Section 9 (44) (House Bill No. 1049), Special Laws of Connecticut, 1913, and Sections 1-5 (452) Special Laws Conn., 1917, enacted for amending an Act concerning the nomination of candidates for public office, and the number, powers and duties of town officers in the Town of Manchester, approved April 9th, 1913, and October 1st, 1917, having caused a copy of the proposed order designating and establishing building and veranda lines on Arvine Place, a highway within said Town of Manchester, to be filed in the Town Clerk's office in said Manchester, and published at least twice in a newspaper printed in said Manchester, at least five days before date of said hearing, and deposited a copy of said proposed order, together with a notice in a Post Office in said town, postage paid, directed to the person or persons interested at his or their last known address, five days before said hearing,—for the purpose of designating and establishing building and veranda lines, appraising the damages, and assessing the benefits caused by laying out said building and veranda lines under said petition and proposed order by the provisions of said Sections,—met at the Municipal Building in said Town of Manchester, on the 31st day of October A. D. 1927, at eight o'clock in the afternoon,—the time and place designated in said notice, and, having viewed the premises and heard all the parties present and interested,—deem it for the public good to designate and establish building and veranda lines on said Scarborough Road under said petition, and proposed order, and it is

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Fred's Come-back



Fred? Yeah, Frederick the Great, of Prussia, who knew his military tactics. For numerous reasons, his status was removed from in front of the Army War College at Washington during the war. But now it's been restored.

There are more blind people in New Hampshire in proportion to population than in any other state.

Read Herald Advs

Manchester Evening Herald

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TUESDAY, DEC. 6, 1927

THE MESSAGE

Mr. Coolidge, admirable as a President, is the least of all showmen. He is no sort of window dresser at all. He has the faculty of making, in his messages to Congress, the finest and most ambitious and wisest of plans, sound like things you could get at the five-and-tens.

He disposes of the Mexican situation, for instance, in a perfectly perfunctory way by saying, in his message of today, that "a firm adherence to our rights and a scrupulous respect for the sovereignty of Mexico, coupled with patience and forbearance. It is hoped, will solve all our differences, without interfering with the friendly relationships between the two countries." And this at a moment when, through the President's own act in breaking down traditions and picking an ambassador to the southern republic clean outside of the realms of diplomacy and practical politics, he has done more to get rid of the perpetual nightmare of Mexican misunderstanding than has ever been done before since 1847.

In his treatment of the naval question the President in the same phlegmatic way enunciates a principle that a cleverer, or perhaps a more anxious, president would have hugged with banners and heralded with trumpets.

"The failure to agree," he says, referring to naval arms limitation, "should not cause us to build either more or less than we otherwise should."

Imagine how different Theodore Roosevelt would have presented this idea, if it had been his. He would have had the country talking about its greatness and wisdom and courage on every street corner.

There is not, in the message, the slightest failure to set forth the President's views on any single current problem of major importance. In no respect and at no point do these views lack directness or definiteness. But they lack the phrasing by which another and far less thoughtful President might color far less thoughtfully and considered advice till it sounded like the wisdom of Solomon.

But there is one thing that the President in his messages is showing with increasing force—that those folk who once called him timid were very far from correctly estimating the man. Very far from timidity is his renewed approval, in the message, of his approval of the Mellon debt reduction limit of \$225,000,000, when he knows perfectly well that one of the largest business organizations in the country will fight him, on that point, tooth and nail. And it requires, too, much more of courage than the average President would ever display, to openly advocate the creation of a national department of education when half the voters of his own party will denounce that proposal.

The message is not spectacular. It is not sensational. But it is a definite expression of the thought-out conclusions of a man whose mind works with far greater facility than either his tongue or his pen.

OPEN VOTING

It is to be hoped that there will be no balking in the ranks of the regular Republicans in the Senate over keeping, in full faith, the agreement said to have been entered into between Senator Curtis, party leader, and the insurgent Republicans who called themselves Progressives.

These latter agreed to vote with the regular Republicans to bring about organization of the Senate. Curtis agreed to permit a vote on a farm relief bill based on the McNary-Haugen measure, on a bill to limit the jurisdiction of federal courts in the granting of injunctions and on a resolution calling for investigation of the American policy in the Caribbean states and South America.

We should have better government, and better feeling in the ordering of government, if there were less of parliamentary strategy in Congress and more of straight voting. There is no reason on earth

why the Progressives shouldn't be permitted to bring their farm relief measures to issue on the floor of Congress, no reason why there should not be votes on injunctions or on our Latin American policy.

The committee system of disposing of proposed legislation is not an ideal one—it is a necessary one. It must be employed to enable Congress to get through with its business at all. But it is not, inherently, anything but an unavoidable makeshift and it should not be applied to successive legislation which has any considerable support among the members of the national legislature.

The practice of killing measures in committee instead of allowing them to go to a vote, when they are of general interest and widely discussed, has only this to back it, that it helps members to dodge the responsibility of voting. Which is mighty poor justification.

FAKE BANKRUPTS

Down in Bridgeport they imagine that they have hit on a way to scotch the fake bankruptcy snake. Hereafter, instead of calling a meeting of creditors to follow the usual course of accepting the bankrupt's statement and any ridiculous composition that he offers, the suspected dealer is to be put through a rigid cross-examination under oath and if the probe results in developing a purpose on his part to cheat his creditors he is to be prosecuted under criminal law.

This, of course, is a much better policy than to continue, as has been the case generally throughout the country, letting the fakir get away with commercial murder, so to speak.

But the point in all this amazing growth of crooked bankruptcies that strikes the ordinary observer is: What on earth has become of the old time "credit man" who in times gone by used to make it his business to know something of the debtor besides his name and his own statement of his financial resources?

Nineteen-twentieths of the phony bankrupts are persons who, on the very face of things, are unworthy of trust, and who, if the extender of credit talked to them face to face for five minutes, would inspire nothing but suspicion and lack of faith—unless the seller were as green a proposition as any come out at a country fair.

It is notorious that in the scramble for business, thousands of manufacturers and wholesalers in this country will extend credit to any enthusiastic liar, half the time without anything but the most nominal check-up of his statements and the other half on the get-in-and-get-out theory that the dealer is likely to pay for his first one or two purchases anyhow.

The real opportunity of the thief-bankrupt is provided by failure of the creditor to take into consideration the personal equation—the character of the purchaser. There was a time in this country when known rectitude counted for more in the extension of credit than a good financial showing made on paper. Nowadays there are innumerable credit offices where apparently such a thing as personal character on the part of the credit applicant is never given a thought.

CHANGE, NO CHANGE

Twenty, fifteen years ago a sudden storm like the one that struck this community on Sunday would have been followed by scenes of extraordinary activity around a dozen blacksmiths' shops in any town the size of the Manchester of today. There would have been long lines of horses awaiting the turns to be "sharpened" at every forge. Snow with an underpinning of frozen hail or sleet called for calls on horseshoes unless drivers wanted to risk strained or broken legs for their animals. And such is the habit of procrastination that many was the horseowner who found the first snow of the season, or the first sleet, on the ground before he had driven his stock to the smith for sharp shoeing.

Today there may arise a faint lonely tinkle here and there as some occasional shoer finds a lone job resulting from the seasonal precipitation. But the big noise is at the garages and automobile accessory places, where forgetful motorists, caught in the meshes of the same old procrastination, swarm demanding tire chains and, in many cases, the anti-freeze dose for the radiator, put off until the belated arrival of winter.

"Plundering horses have" been displaced by plundering automobiles; corks by chains. But nothing has taken the place of the good old habit of putting it off. It's going to take something besides mechanical progress to greatly alter the "inside working of the human mind."

ESTATE TAX TEST

The determination of State Tax Commissioner Blodgett to attack the constitutionality of the federal estate or inheritance tax is interesting, and it would be a courageous forecaster who would predict that it is doomed to failure. It is a tell-

ing point the commissioner makes that estates of similar inventory, existing in different states, pay varying sums to the federal government, depending on the estate laws of the various commonwealths.

That the United States supreme court declined to review a previous case in which this point entered is no indication that it will fail to take cognizance of the proposed case, which will go to the federal tribunal through the regular channels of the courts of this state.

Whether success in this action would prove to be an unmitigated blessing or not is a question aside. There will, however, be very little criticism of the Connecticut tax commissioner for attempting to establish, once and for all, the question of validity or invalidity of the federal estate tax law.



New York, Dec. 6.—Almost daily at least one incident is recorded in Manhattan which belies this great city's reputation for being cold, hard-boiled and heartless.

There was the case of Beesie, who sold pretzels from a basket in front of the equarium. Beesie is 80 now and life hasn't been very kind to her. She has had 10 children and all but one died. That one is an invalid. They arrested her one day for not obeying the health regulations by keeping her little basket of wares better protected from the dust of the street. They took Beesie to court. When she left, a few minutes later she had \$100 in her hand and another check for similar amount was on its way to her a short time later. The trial judge had personally taken up a collection.

Beesie's story is not an unusual one in New York courts. It is a victim of misfortunes has trembling faced a New York judge, only to walk away with a pocket stuffed fat with bills.

Not long ago Pat Crowe, once one of the most famous bandits and now a broken old man, came shuffling into a courtroom to face charges of vagrancy and when he had enthrilled attaches with old tales of derring-do, he walked away with coins jingling in his jeans.

The theft of a loaf of bread or a bottle of milk is almost invariably followed by public rescue from the poverty that made this possible. New York isn't really so hard; it's too busy, too self-centered to know what goes on before its very eyes. When someone finds out and calls attention to the whole lot of apoplexy, put him with shame at its carelessness and to try and make some eleventh hour restitution.

A few weeks ago a friend motored out from Carmel, Calif. He arrived in New York in the early hours of the morning, put his car in a garage and decided that he would gather his first impression of the city walking through the black canyons of the Wall-street district just before dawn.

While thus strolling he encountered a policeman who stopped him and demanded to know his business. Deciding to see what would happen, my friend replied: "I have no business."

The policeman hesitated, pondering whether to take him into custody.

"You better get out of here and go to a flop house," suggested the cop.

"But I have no money—a dime is all," lied my friend. "I'm saving a nickel for coffee in the morning and the other nickel for subway fare up town to look for a

FACTS ABOUT CONNECTICUT

(6) Connecticut Is Growing.

With her population increasing between 20,000 and 30,000 annually since 1900, Connecticut now has an estimated population of 1,636,000, and stands 28th among all states in population, although 46th in size.

Connecticut's population at the last official census (1920) was 1,360,631. At that time Connecticut stood 29th among all states, but the estimate of the Federal Bureau of Census for last year shows that Connecticut replaced Maryland in 28th position.

Connecticut has the second largest population of the New England states, only Massachusetts being greater and has more inhabitants than Nebraska, which is nearly 16 times as large in area. According to the 1926 figures the combined population of Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont or of Rhode Island, New Hampshire and Vermont does not equal that of Connecticut.

Of the 17 states that had entered the union when the census of 1790 was taken, Connecticut, with 237,946 inhabitants, ranked 8th in population. During the 19th century, however, other states, mostly the agricultural states of the middle west, outstripped her in population, until in 1880 she stood 29th. Ten years later she had fallen to 28th position, but the 1910 census showed that she had again lost, being in 31st position. By 1920 she had regained the position held in 1890—and from present indications will, at the next official census, be again where she was in 1880—28th in population.

Tomorrow—Are Connecticut Yankees Foreign-born?

WASHINGTON LETTER

By RODNEY DUTCHER

Washington, Dec. 6.—The gentlemen who have spent great wads of money trying to prevent government operation of Muscle Shoals, Boulder Dam and other power projects must harbor a furive respect for George W. Norris, the most distinguished of the two very distinguished senators from Nebraska.

In the first place, Norris is entirely immune from the methods of attack commonly depended upon to drive most other members of Congress to cover. Other members lie awake nights worrying about reelection, but he was tricked into a renomination last time and will fight like a steer against any attempt to send him back here again. He simply can't be attacked from integrity here. His election returns indicate that Nebraska regards him as sort of a divinity.

In the second place, Norris is so honest that it is almost a shock to find him in Washington at all. He has become a veritable symbol of integrity here. Norris, you will recall, has been rebuffed by the lobbyists who have given him up as a hopeless case.

All of which has been proved once more by his latest shots in defense of Muscle Shoals and its great hydro-electric power potentialities. Norris, you will recall, has been boosted for the presidency by the western progressive senators who recently banded together. Many persons would go daffy with joy if he were ever nominated or elected and others would die of apoplexy, but whatever initial strength he might have would be concentrated among the western farmers.

In his place, any other presidential possibility would be mighty careful not to offend any of the big farm organizations—would, in fact, jump through almost any hoop they held up. But not Uncle George!

This veteran warrior has gone right out and defied the American Farm Bureau Federation, largest of

job. I'm going to walk all night because it's too cold to sit down." The policeman dug down in his jeans and took out 50 cents, slipping it into the hand of my astonished friend.

"Jeez," said the cop, "you hard-luck birds will break me yet."

Last Sunday night I saw two people go into a delicatessen store,

GILBERT SWAN

Holding Up Some Good Men, Cal



produce the power, believing that it could establish by its example fair rates on electricity throughout the country. He will have to make his fight all over again in the next Congress, and this time he may win instead of merely holding the others off.

Norris holds, like other proponents of government operation at Muscle Shoals, Boulder Dam and elsewhere, that electricity is an important item in the nation's future and that Americans should not be held up to exorbitant rates by private monopoly. He is fortified by provisions in the original law authorizing expense of \$125,000,000 of the people's money to improve Muscle Shoals, that the dam there should never be sold or leased to private companies and he contends that the people rather than private interests should get the benefit.

The classic example of publicly owned electricity plants is in Ontario, where domestic consumers pay about two cents a kilowatt hour against an average of eight cents in the United States. This year, selling power to a private company at less than two-fifths of a cent a kilowatt hour, Muscle Shoals has earned a million dollars for the government. Obviously, if the government sold at regular rates the returns would be enormously increased and if the power were sold to counties and municipalities that people would get much cheaper electricity.

Incidentally, Norris, in combating the heavily-financed propaganda of the power interests which have sought to disprove his statements in innumerable ways, has spent nearly \$3,000 of his own money. In return for this expense and his indefatigable efforts, he has received only the satisfaction of believing that he is performing his trust for the people, much hard work and torrents of abuse.

Sour Stomach

"Phillips Milk of Magnesia" Better than Soda

Instead of soda hereafter take a little "Phillips Milk of Magnesia" in water any time for indigestion or sour, acid, gassy stomach, and relief will come instantly.

For fifty years genuine "Phillips Milk of Magnesia" has been prescribed by physicians because it overcomes three times as much acid in the stomach as a saturated solution of bicarbonate of soda, leaving the stomach sweet and free from all gas. It neutralizes acid fermentations in the bowels and gently urges the souring waste from the system without purging. Besides, it is more pleasant to take than soda. Insist upon "Phillips," Twenty-five cent and fifty cent bottles, any drugstore. "Milk of Magnesia" has been the U. S. Registered Trade Mark of the Charles H. Phillips Chemical Co. and its predecessor Charles H. Phillips since 1875.—Adv.



Westinghouse AUTOMATIC IRON

THE MANCHESTER ELECTRIC CO.
 773 Main St. Phone 1700

An Electrical Gift



Just lower the rack to turn the toast. Big, beautiful and convenient. \$6.00.

Westinghouse TURNOVER TOASTER

Buy from one of these dealers.

THE MANCHESTER ELECTRIC CO. South Manchester

Wednesday's Christmas Special

25 Colonial Bridge Lamps \$4.59

Shining steel bases—whale-oil bowl, final at top of post and turned ornament at leg joints of brass—heavy plated and pointed wared shades—smart bridge lamps indeed, worthy of a place in the finest decorative scheme. Choice of shades. Limited 1 to a customer while 25 last. Cash, delivered. No phone orders.

WATKINS BROTHERS

GIFTS FOR EVERYONE

Don't Let the Fine Fall Weather We Have Had Fool You Into Neglecting Your Coal Bin.

Winter is just around the corner. We urge you to place your orders now for our

Clean-Dry COAL

Carefully Screened

You will be much better satisfied to have your bins filled now than to wait until a cold snap and then we will be forced to rush a supply to your house.

L. Pola Coal Co.

62 Hawthorne St., Tel. 546-2 or 3, Manchester
 Branch Office, 55 School St.

\$8.75 each FOR THESE

13 Plate Batteries

Correct size for the following cars:

Standard Buick	Chevrolet
Standard Studebaker	Cleveland
Ford	Essex
Durant	Oldsmobile
Pontiac	Moon

May also be used for Radio work.

CENTER AUTO SUPPLY CO.
 Wholesale Distributors of Prest-O-Lite Batteries for Hartford County. Tel. 673
 155 Center Street.

PHILCO

A. & B. Socket Power

Latest Model, Formerly \$59.50

Now \$39.50

Order Early. Limited Supply.

BARSTOW'S RADIO SHOP

Authorized Philco Dealer
 695 Main Street

General Auto Repairing and Overhauling

ARTHUR A. KNOFIA

875 Main St.
 Insurance and Real Estate.

SHELDON'S GARAGE
 Rear of 25 Hollister Street.
 Phone 2323-2 Residence 2323-1

COLUMBIA

Next Wednesday afternoon at the Town hall there will be a demonstration under the auspices of the Holland County Farm Bureau, on how to wash silks and wools. All ladies are cordially invited to be present.

Mrs. T. G. Tucker has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Rogers Hayden Jr., of West Hartford.

Miss Myrtle Collins went to Hartford Thursday to visit her sister, Miss Laura Collins.

Mrs. Mary Lewis spent Thursday night in Manchester visiting her son, Clement Lewis.

The Misses Faith McCracken, Florence Cantrell, and Jane Francis all students at the Hartford Religious School of Education were week end guests at the parsonage.

Miss Harriett Field entertained the members of the Christian Endeavor society at her home Saturday evening. Games were played and a social enjoyed. Sandwiches, cake and cocoa were served.

Local friends were saddened to hear of the death in Hartford of Cecil Gates, aged 74 years. Mr. Gates was a native of Columbia, and had a summer home here. He was a member of the Columbia church, and was much interested in the town.

Mr. and Mrs. Lucine Hennequin and daughter Evelyn of Willimantic, spent the week end at the home of Mrs. Hennequin's mother, Mrs. Bessie Tryball.

At the Congregational church Sunday morning the Rev. Duane Wain preached on "The moulding power of ideals" taking his text from Psalms 100-3 "Know ye that the Lord He is God, it is He that hath made us and not we ourselves."

BOLTON

The Ladies Aid society will meet at the basement Thursday. There will be lunch at one o'clock.

Mrs. J. Wesson Phelps of Bradford spent a few days at her home this week.

Mrs. Charles Ubert and Mrs. Conklin of Hartford were recent visitors at Mrs. Charles Sumner's.

Miss Ruth Jones of the New Britain Normal school spent the week-end with her sister Mrs. R. K. Jones.

The entertainment and sale given by the South school was well attended in spite of the weather. Mr. Garrison gave a talk on school work.

Miss Fraubue and Mr. Gaylor, assistant club leaders of the state, gave remarks on Health Club work and sewing.

There will be a Grange meeting Friday evening. Coventry and Vernon Granges are invited to visit and furnish the program.

The parsonage has been wired for electricity.

The cooking demonstration this week given by Mrs. Dakin of Storrs was held at the home of Mrs. Bunce.

**For Your Car
I Can Provide**

A new top, new curtains, slip covers, carpets, glassmobile enclosures, Sport Model tops and dust covers made to order.

Manchester
Auto Top Co.

W. J. MESSIER

115 Oak St. Phone 1818-3

**EYE-SIGHT
TESTING
Eyeglasses**

WALTER OLIVER

Optometrist
915 Main Street, So. Manchester
Tel. 49-3.
Hours 10 a. m. to 8 p. m.

**ARTESIAN WELLS
Drilled Any Diameter—
Any Depth Any Place**

Charles F. Volkert
Blast Hole Drilling

Test Drilling for Foundation
Water Systems
Pumps for All Purposes.

Tel. 1375-5.

HIGHLAND PARK P. O.

**DAVID CHAMBERS
CONTRACTOR
and
BUILDER**

First and Second Mortgages
arranged on all new work.

68 Hollister Street,
Manchester, Conn.

Read Herald Advs



Oh, what relief when you are sure That not a soul's been missed, And you can rest the last few days, With cleaned up shopping list.

ADDISON

George H. Matthews of Rutland, Vermont made a short visit here Sunday evening and called on some of his former neighbors. Mr. Matthews returned home Monday.

Peter Amadio of East Glastonbury met with a bad accident Saturday evening on Neipic street near the home of E. D. Brooks.

The auto skidded on the curve by striking into gravel and was badly wrecked. Mr. Amadio and companion were badly shaken up.

ANDOVER

Guy Bartlett, Jr., and Bertram Wright were home from Storrs college for the week-end.

Burton Lewis who works in Hartford is spending a few days at home.

Mrs. Thomas Lewis and son attended the theater in Willimantic Saturday evening.

Mrs. Harriett Ladd of Willimantic and Harold Ladd of Chicago, Ills. were callers at Mrs. A. E. Frink's Saturday evening.

Charles Phelps, a student at Yale, was home for the week-end.

John Goodman and Burton Lewis motored to Wilkesonville, Mass., Sunday to visit Mr. Goodman's mother Mrs. John Fallon.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene W. Platt of Manchester and Mrs. A. E. Frink were dinner guests of Mrs. Frink's stepmother and sister Mrs. Amelia Payson and Mrs. Harriett Ladd in Willimantic, Sunday.

Roscoe Talbot motored to Wellesley College, Wellesley, Mass., Sunday. He found it pretty bad traveling coming home on account of the snow and ice.

There was a large crowd at the dance Saturday night in the Town Hall given by George Platt, Sr.

Notwithstanding the bad weather Sunday evening, twenty members of the Christian Endeavor society went to Gilead and took charge of the meeting. Next Sunday the local meeting will be in charge of Herbert Thompson, Jr., who has just returned from New Brunswick.

The topic is "Good Motives for Christian Living." John 9:4, Ecclts. 9:10.

Mrs. Ellen Jones and family went to South Coventry Saturday for the evening. Mrs. Jones with Mr. and

Mrs. Edward Nicolini of Hartford and other friends attended a dance given in the Grange Hall, Hampton.

Mrs. Nicolini spent several days with her mother last week, her husband coming for the week-end. They returned to Hartford Sunday evening.

Elsworth Mittens will give a

Herald Advs. Bring Results

**REALIZE YOUR PIANO AMBITION
THIS CHRISTMAS**



PIANOS correct in design... authentic... smart... musically finer. Gulbransen Pianos constitute a happy Christmas gift—a contribution to the real beauty of the home—such as provided by no other article. Culture, refinement, and the influence of good music go with ownership of a first class piano. The Gulbransen is nationally known, nationally priced and nationally esteemed. Here you may obtain one on easy Christmas terms of payment.

Gulbransen Uprights—Grands—Registering Pianos—Reproducing Pianos. All nationally priced.



KEMP'S



GULBRANSEN



**Be a
Regular fellow
and give her a Frigidaire**

First payment less than most men spend for the same old Christmas knick-knacks

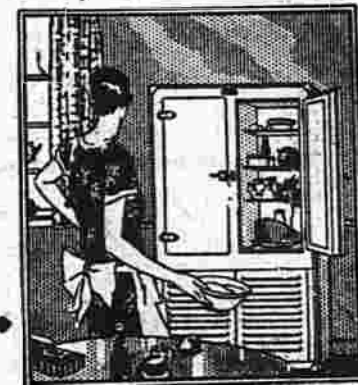
GIVE her a gift that shows how much you love her. A gift that she won't exchange the day after Christmas—or forget the day after New Year.

Look. For the money you'd probably spend on poor guesses, we'll put a Frigidaire in your home. Then charge off the balance with a few monthly payments—so small that they'll never be missed. And what a gift a Frigidaire is! A gift that lasts for a

lifetime. A constant source of enjoyment. An ever-ready reminder of what a good fellow you are.

It's a fact—she'll be thanking you for it when many Christmases have come and gone!

Don't hold back at Christmas time. Do the handsome thing again this year and make everybody happy. Visit our Display Room today—while we can still guarantee delivery in time for the big Christmas thrill!



ALFRED A. GREZEL

Main St. Opp Park St,

So. Manchester

FRIGIDAIRE

PRODUCT OF GENERAL MOTORS

**The 1928 Christmas Club
will start Tuesday December 6th**

The following list of classes will surely contain one suited to your needs.

Weekly Payment	When Paid in Full
25¢	\$12.50
50¢	\$25.00
\$1.00	\$50.00
\$2.00	\$100.00
\$5.00	\$250.00
\$10.00	\$500.00
\$20.00	\$1,000.00

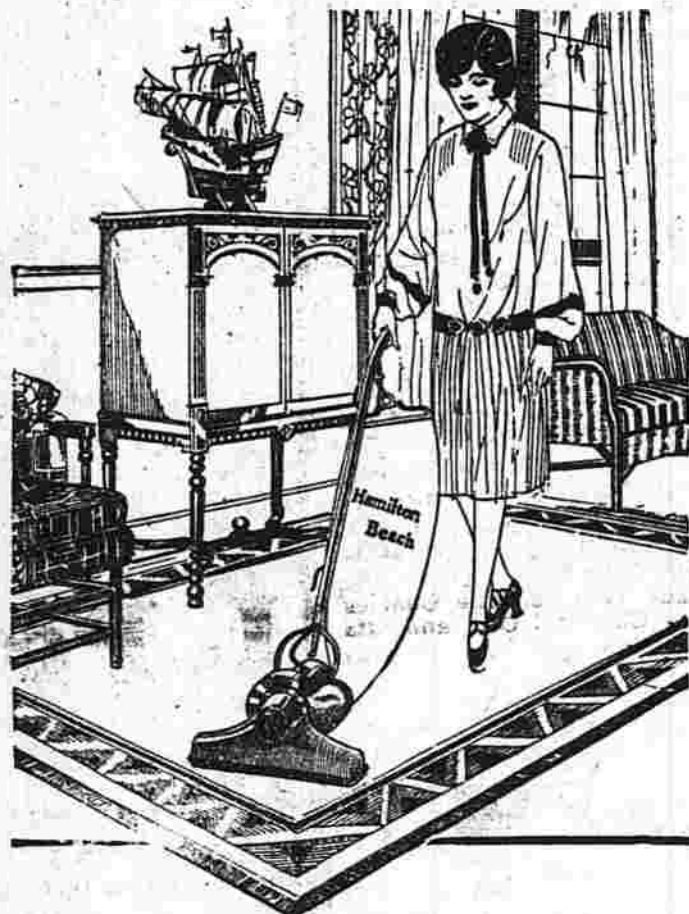
The Manchester Trust Co.

South Manchester, Conn.

Sage Allen & Co.

2-7171 HARTFORD 2-7171

Give Her One for Christmas!



**The
'Hamilton Beach'
Vacuum Cleaner**

(The Finest One Made—With Motor-Driven Brush, and Guaranteed for Two Years)

In a
Special Holiday
Offer at

\$39.50

Exactly the Same Model That Sold at \$52.50 Before November 1st

These are a few of the reasons why you should buy a Hamilton Beach cleaner.

A MOTOR BUILT to last a lifetime.

BALL BEARINGS, HARD RUBBER packed in grease. The motor requires no oiling. WHEELS, that do not mark your rugs.

SEVEN-POSITION NOZZLE ADJUSTMENT—a turn of the knob gives exactly the right position for cleaning bare floors, linoleum or any kind of rug.

BRUSH BELT—That cannot be put on the wrong way. MOTOR DRIVEN BRUSH—good for years of service. Three belts with every machine.

ENDORSED by Good Housekeeping Magazine and Priscilla Proving Plant. ATTACHMENTS now only \$6.00. Formerly \$8.50.

EASY TERMS—\$5.00 Down and \$1.25 per week

Come In and Let Us Demonstrate One of These Machines For You.

Rug Department—Third Floor

DAILY RADIO PROGRAM

Tuesday, December 6. A modern paraphrase of Rubinstein's "Rhapsody" will be the principal offering of the Eveready hour... 7:30-8:00 WJZ, NEW YORK-710. 8:00-8:30 WJZ, NEW YORK-710. 8:30-9:00 WJZ, NEW YORK-710.

STATE HIGHWAYS OPENED QUICKLY AFTER SNOWFALL

All Roads Cleared By Department to Prevent Chance of Dangerous Ice Conditions.

Connecticut's first snowfall of the year, varying in depth in various sections of the state from one to four inches, found the State Highway Department in readiness to meet the demands of the situation...

Hundred-thousand-dollar Skypiece



Some bonnet you see here gracing the capable curls of Janet McVeay, who, as "Miss Oriental" is to reign supreme at New York's forthcoming oriental exposition!

TOWN ADVERTISEMENT

BOARD OF SELECTMEN TOWN OF MANCHESTER DECISION. Of the Selectmen of the Town of Manchester, Conn., upon the proposal of Selectmen for the establishment of building and veranda lines on the north and south side of Wellington Road...

STORMS ON ATLANTIC. Plymouth, England, Dec. 6.—The liner "Mauretania" from New York was prevented from putting into Plymouth today by a heavy gale.

CLARENCE H. ANDERSON Notary Public Insurance in All Its Lines 647 Main St., Farr Building Tel. 1338 So. Manchester. R. W. Joyner Contractor and Builder Alteration and Repair Work Given Prompt Attention. Residence 71 Plukin Street. South Manchester. Phone 1110

TOWN ADVERTISEMENT

BOARD OF SELECTMEN TOWN OF MANCHESTER DECISION. Of the Selectmen of the Town of Manchester, Conn., upon the proposal of Selectmen for the establishment of building and veranda lines on the east and west side of Westminister Road...

WTIC Travelers Insurance Co. Hartford 535.4 m. 560 k. c. Program for Tuesday 6:25 p. m.—News Bulletins. 6:30 p. m.—Waldorf-Astoria Dinner Concert. 7:00 p. m.—Trinity College Dialogue—"Lectures and Lessons from Rome"—Professor Leroy C. Barret of the Latin Department and others.

"CITY GONE WILD" AT STATE TODAY

Powerful Crook Drama Stars Tom Meighan—Special Program on Thursday. Machine gun battles on crowded streets; gangsters killing each other under the eyes of the police; frantic city officials powerless to stop the wave of murder and robbery that has swept over the city.

GRAINGER The Anvillers

IV—Angus Del... Bisset Mrs. Tuttle (with Trio Accompaniment) 8:00 p. m.—Super Old Heater Orchestra. 8:30 p. m.—"Rollo Sees the World"—Raymond Whitcomb Cruises. 9:00 p. m.—Manning-Bowman Concert—Program of Scandinavian Music.

TOWN ADVERTISEMENT

Table with columns: Property Owner, Fee, Frontage, Damages, Benefits. Lists names like Ernest and Adele Bantly, Samuel Nelson, Anna W. Robb, Robert H. Grimason, Minnie Smith, John P. Carroll, Elden H. Piper, Joseph and Beatrice Barrett, Conrad Casperson, Edward J. Holl, William and Esther Anderson, Clarence and Florence Peterson, Edward J. Holl, George Forbes, Howard Thornton, Anna Kemp, Clifford E. Burdick, Frank Rippin, Stella L. Hayes, James McVeigh, Florence Ritsley, Everett H. Goslee, David Muldoon, William and Mary Bray.

TOWN ADVERTISEMENT

BOARD OF SELECTMEN TOWN OF MANCHESTER DECISION. Of the Selectmen of the Town of Manchester, Conn., upon the proposal of Selectmen for the establishment of building and veranda lines on the north and south side of Cromwell Street...

ORDERED—That from and after the 25th day of November, 1927, building and veranda lines on said highway known as Cromwell Street be, and they are hereby designated and established as follows, to wit:—

NORTH SIDE. The building line on the north side of Cromwell Street is ten (10) feet north of and parallel to the north line of Cromwell Street...

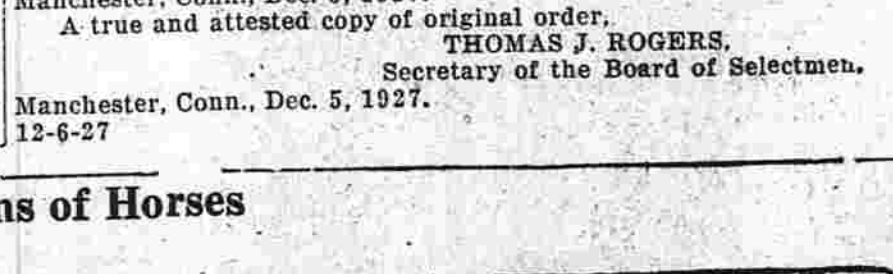
Table with columns: Property Owner, Fee, Frontage, Damages, Benefits. Lists names like William and Mary Bray, Edward J. Holl, Town of Manchester.

For and by order of the Board of Selectmen of the Town of Manchester, Connecticut. THOMAS J. ROGERS, Secretary.

Herald Advs. Bring Results

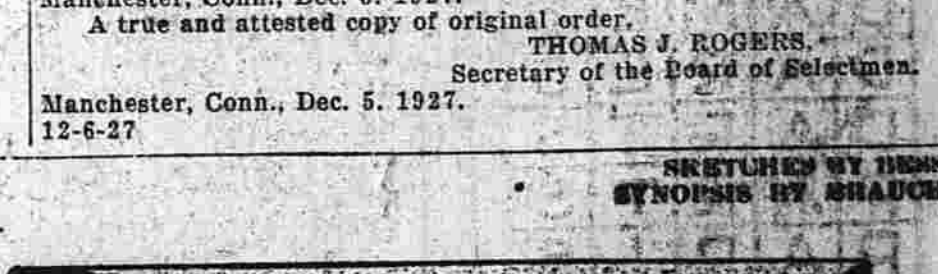
Millions of horsepower are being taken from the world's falls and rivers to do the heavy tasks of electricity. Engineers estimate that the world's streams hold a half-billion horsepower, of which not more than a sixteenth is being used.

THE BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE: (152) Millions of Horses



This picture shows how a river is harnessed. The water is brought in pipes to the turbines at Pinlockleven, Argyllshire.

THE BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE: (152) Millions of Horses



A canal dug from a point above the falls, brings a swift current to the great American powerhouse at Niagara.

Not far from Spokane, in the state of Washington is the King Lake Dam for the generation of electric power. The water reaches the powerhouse through the four great pipes you see in the picture.

**MONEY FOR REBEL
NOT FROM AMERICA**

Sofia, Bulgaria, Dec. 5.—Charges published in Serbian newspapers that Dimitar Chkatroff, a young student in the engineering department of the Belgrade University, had received money from the United States to aid a Macedonian conspiracy against the Jugo-Slav government, were denied here today by Chkatroff's mother. She said she herself had sent the money to her son after his arrest on the charge of implicating in an alleged Macedonian plot.

Chkatroff, who is detained in Scopié prison, in Jugoslavia, is a native of Prilep. After his arrest Belgrade papers referred to him as "the ringleader of the Macedonian Revolutionaries." They alleged that papers had been found showing Chkatroff received money from the Macedonian Revolutionary Committee.

Mme. Chkatroff, the youth's widowed mother, has written a letter to the Belgrade press saying she sent her son 10,000 dinars to buy food and warm clothing.

"I wish you to deny the reports that Macedonian sympathizers in the United States sent my son funds," wrote Mme. Chkatroff.

WAPPING

Miss Clarissa Duff of Brantford, spent Friday and Saturday at the home of her aunt, Mrs. Frank Foster, of Foster street, returning to her home on Sunday. Miss Duff entertained with fancy dancing at the Buckland Parent-Teacher Association fair last Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. William E. Fiske of West Haven, spent the week end with their daughter, Mrs. Walter S. Billings of this place.

Mrs. Lida B. Huntley, Frederick G. Easton and Charles Prescott all of Springfield, Mass., were Sunday visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Frink.

At the Christian Endeavor Society's meeting eight new members were accepted: Dorothy Stoddard, Dorothy Frink, Homer Lane, Herman Peterson, Eva Herriage, Luther Burnham, Lillian Hack, and Lois Mitchell.

Miss Lizabeth MacDonald, home nursing specialist of the Connecticut Agricultural College gave a demonstration of personal hygiene at the home of Mrs. Joseph Elmore of Pleasant Valley last Wednesday.

The basketball game between the Simsbury Y. M. C. A. and the Wapping Y. M. C. A. played at the Parish House, here ended in favor of Wapping. The score was 28 to 28.

Mrs. Olive A. Jones of South Windsor left last week for Daytona, Florida, where she expects to spend the winter.

TALCOTTVILLE

Master John Prentice is confined to his home with a severe cold.

The Christian Endeavor Society met on Sunday evening. The subject of the meeting was "What is Prayer?" and the leader, Dudley Douglas.

John H. Kingston was in New York City on Friday on a business trip.

Old Masters

Mother wept, and father sighed;
With delight aglow
Cried the lad, "Tomorrow," cried,
"To the pit I go."

Up and down the place he sped,
Greeted old and young;
Far and wide the tidings spread;
Clapt his hands and sung.

Came his cronies; some to gaze
Wrapped in wonder; some
Free with counsel; some with
praise;
Some with envy dumb.

"May he," many a gossip cried,
"Be from peril kept."
Father hid his face and sighed,
Mother turned and wept.
—Joseph Skipsy; Mother Wept.

TEST ANSWERS

Here is one solution to the LETTER GODS puzzle on the comic page:

D	O	V	E	R
D	O	M	E	S
D	A	M	E	S
D	A	R	E	S
D	A	R	T	S
P	A	R	T	S
P	A	R	I	S

DAILY ALMANAC

First radio broadcasting of president's message to Congress from stations connected to Washington by long distance telephons, 12:35.

Lindbergh's last message to Congress, 1:54.

A THOUGHT

Be ye angry, and sin not: let not the sun go down upon your wrath.—Ephesians 4:26.

Life, that ever needs forgiveness has for its first duty to forgive.—Lytton.

Phone Orders Promptly Filled
FEE SUBURBAN PHONE SERVICE
From New Britain 4082—From Manchester 1530
From Windsor 380—From Glastonbury 240

The Excellent Service at Our Restaurant is Particularly Appreciated During the Holiday Season.

Wise, Smith & Co. INC.
Hartford
The Store Of Christmas Service

Dependable Mail Order Service
Your Shopping Done by Careful, Conscientious Shoppers Who Are Trained to Look After the Interests of Our Customers.

Imported Novelty Kid Gloves



Fancy cuffs, in new pretty designs and embroidery. Tan, Mode, Gray and Beaver.

\$3.50

Smart Slip-On Gloves

Of Washable Suede, Gray, Rosewood and Mode **\$3.50**

Women's Wrist Watches

8 jewel movement, beautifully engraved case with raised gold numerals.

\$9.95

RECTANGULAR AND OVAL SHAPES

15 jewel wrist watches, white gold filled cases. Attractive showing of other Wrist Watches in new designs up to \$40.

\$13.95

Smart Leather Handbags



Pouch, Underarm and Back-strap styles. Suede, Alligator and Calfskin, some with secret pocket. Silk and leather lined.

\$4.98

Men's Silk Lancing Robes



Striking new colorful patterns that are sure to please. Shawl collar models with girdle and two pockets.

\$10.98

Smart Neckwear

Open-end shapes in Silks, Satin and Twills.

95c

Also Exceptional Range at **\$1.50 to \$3.50**

Brooch Pins

Sterling silver and White Gold filled, filligree designs.

\$1.95 to \$4.95

French Pearl Chains

60-inch, beautiful lustre, knotted between each bead. Guaranteed indestructible.

\$1.95

Silk Crepe de Chine Handkerchiefs



Scalloped Edge. With cutout corner design, regular 50c. value, at **39c** ea.

Large showing of Fancy Kerchiefs **3 in box for 50c**

Men's Tourist Cases



Fitted with Brush, Comb, Mirror, etc., in genuine leather case.

\$5 to **\$24.95**

Leather Goods Dept., Main Floor

Men's Daniel Green Comfys

"Cheerful Slippers" in Blue, Gray, or Brown Felt with soft padded soles.

\$2 Golden Brown Kid with soft padded soles **\$3**

Beautiful Pearl or Amber Toilet Sets

11 Pieces. Colors of Rose, Maize, Blue and white, in attractive gift box.

\$17.95

At Toilet Goods Dept., Main Floor.

Beautiful Satin Quilted Boudoir Slippers



With Rosette to match. Blue, Black and Old Rose. Soft padded soles. Sizes 3 to 9.

\$1.50

Porto Rican Hand Embroidered Bridge Sets



34-inch square and four napkins. Twelve patterns to choose from. Exceptional value at **\$1.98** set.

Art Dept., Main Floor.

"Oregon City" Pure Virgin Wool Single Blankets



Bound with wide silk binding—plain blue and pink with flowered border—full bed size. Reg. \$25 value, at **\$22.50** Each.

Fancy Silk Taffeta and Rayon Cushions



Large size, plain and changeable color effects. Many styles and shapes to select from.

\$2.98 to \$6.98

Art Dept., Main Floor.

Junior Floor Lamps



With Georgette Silk Shade, lined and trimmed with medallion and bouillon fringe. Metal base, 2 light sockets, Wired complete.

Reg. \$19.50 Value, at **\$13.95**

Lamp Dept.—Downstairs.

TOYLAND MYSTERY PACKAGES!

Downstairs

50c

Lots of Fun. Buy Your Tickets From SANTA CLAUS AT THE POLAR BEARS' ICELAND CAVE. A Ticket That Entitles You to a Wonderful Surprise. Different Articles for Boys and Girls.

- Pool Tables \$5.98
- Buddy L Steam Shovel \$2.98
- Doll Houses \$1.00
- Sport Roadster \$1.45
- Brush Sets 95c

Fancy Bed Lights



Plaited georgette and lace trimmed with buds, laces and garlands, numerous styles and colors. Silk cord and two-piece plug.

\$2.98

Art Dept., Main Floor.

Silver Plated Water Pitchers



Hammered or Butler finish in the popular Colonial design. Quart size. Reg. \$5.00 value at **\$3.98** Main Floor.

Batik Triangle Scarfs

SPECIAL **\$1.19**

Hand Painted Triangle Scarfs

SPECIAL **\$1.98**

At Handkerchief Dept.

Silver Plated Tea Sets



Teapot, Sugar Bowl, Cream Pitcher and Tray, hammered or butler finish.

\$5.95 to \$40 Main Floor.

Brass Desk Sets



Seven pieces, Pad, Calendar, Letter Holder, Paper Cutter, Blotter, Inkwell and Pen Tray a wonderful value, the set **\$2.75**

Stationery Dept.—Main Floor

The "Marion" Flip-Flop Electric Toaster



Heavily nickeled. Reg. \$3.25 value. Special at **\$2.98** Downstairs.

Women's Silk Umbrellas



"Mah Jong" 16-rib style, plain with contrasting colored borders. Amber handles with stubs to match. All the popular colors.

\$4.95 And More—Main Floor.

Sale of Barney & Berry Shoe Skate Outfits



Regular \$5.98 Value at **\$4.45**

Sporting Goods Dept., Main Floor.

GIFT BOOKS

Select Them Early At Our Handy Book Shop—Main Floor

- Show Boat, by Edna Ferber, \$2.00
- Gentlemen Prefer Blondes, by Anita Loos, .75c
- Oh, by Upton Sinclair, \$2.50
- The Perennial Bachelor, by Ann Parish, \$1.00
- The Divine Lady, by E. Baring, \$2.00
- Peter Rabbit, \$2.00
- Little Tote Library, .50c
- Junior Bank Book, \$1.00
- Peter Rabbit, Complete, \$2.00
- The Wonderful Story Book, \$1.00
- Tales From Shakespeare, \$1.00
- Linen Picture Book, .50c
- Prayer Books, .50c
- Sleepy Time Tales, .35c
- Child's Garden of Verses, .35c
- Dictionary (Indexed), \$1.75
- Painting Outfits, .75c
- Mother Goose, .50c
- Young Folks' Standard Library, .50c
- Tales From Grimm, .50c
- Anderson's Fairy Tales, .50c
- Drawing Books, .50c
- Drawing and Dot Books, .50c
- Bedtime Wonder Tales, .50c

Special \$24.95 Chests at \$19.95



Cedar lined, Walnut finish, size 42x18x20. Panel effect top and front.

Fourth Floor.

Here's the Complete Text Of President Coolidge's Message

In his message to Congress today President Coolidge said:

Members of the Congress:

It is gratifying to report that for the fourth consecutive year the state of the Union is general good. We are at peace. The country as a whole has had a prosperity never exceeded. Wages are at their highest rate, employment is plentiful. Some parts of agriculture and industry have lagged; some localities have suffered from storm and flood. But such losses have been absorbed without serious detriment to our great economic structure. Stocks of goods are moderate and a wholesome caution is prevalent. Rates of interest for industry, agriculture, and government have been reduced. Savers and investors are providing capital for new construction in industry and public works. The purchasing power of agriculture has increased. If the people maintain confidence in each other, they are entitled to have in themselves, in each other, and in America, a comfortable prosperity will continue.

Constructive Economy

Without constructive economy in Government expenditures we should not now be enjoying these results of these prospects. Because we are not now in a state of war, some people are disposed to forget that our war debt still remains. The Nation must make financial sacrifices, accompanied by a stern self-denial in public expenditures, until we have reduced the war debt to a negligible amount. While our obligation to veterans and dependents is large and continuing, the heavier burden of the national debt is being steadily eliminated. At the end of this fiscal year the debt has been reduced from \$26,600,000,000 to about \$17,975,000,000. Annual interest, including war savings, will have been reduced from \$1,055,000,000 to \$670,000,000. The sacrifices of the people, the economy of the Government, and the reduction of the debt are all of them, should be continued for the purpose of relieving the Nation of the burden of interest and debt and releasing revenue for internal improvements and national development.

Not only the amount, but the rate, of Government interest has been reduced. Callable bonds have been refunded and paid, so that during this year the average rate of interest on the present public debt for the first time fell below 4 per cent. Keeping the credit of the Nation high is a tremendously profitable operation.

Tax Reduction

The immediate fruit of economy and the retirement of the public debt is tax reduction. The annual saving in interest between 1925 and 1927 is \$125,000,000. Without this saving to relieve the taxpayers would be worth proposing. The three measures already enacted leave our Government revenues where they are not oppressive. Exemptions have been increased from \$11,000,000 to \$20,000,000. The 2,500,000 individual taxable returns, so that further reduction should be made for the purpose of removing inequalities. The Secretary of the Treasury has recommended a measure which would give us a better balanced system of taxation and without oppression produce sufficient revenue. It has my complete support.

Unforeseen contingencies requiring money are always arising. Our probable surplus for the present year, 1927, is small. A slight depression in business would greatly reduce our revenue because of our present method of taxation. The people ought to take no selfish attitude of pressing for removing progressive and fair taxes which might produce a deficit. We must keep our budget balanced for each year. That is the corner stone of our national credit, the trifling price we pay to command the lowest rate of interest of any great power in the world. Any surplus can be applied to debt reduction, and debt reduction is tax reduction. Under the present circumstances it would be far better to leave the rates as they are than to enact a bill carrying the peril of a deficit. This is not a problem to be approached in a narrow or partisan spirit. All of those who participate in finding a reasonable solution will be entitled to participate in any credit that accrues from it without regard to party. The Congress has already demonstrated that tax legislation can be removed from purely patriotic consideration into the realm of patriotic business principles.

Any bill for tax reduction should be written by those who are responsible for raising, managing, and expending the finances of the Government. If special interests, too often selfish, always uninformed of the national needs as a whole, with hired agents using their proposed beneficiaries as engines of propaganda, are permitted to influence the withdrawal of their property from taxation, we shall have a law that is unbalanced and unjust, bad for business, bad for the country, probably resulting in a deficit, and with disastrous financial consequences. The Constitution has given the members of the Congress sole authority to decide what tax measures shall be presented for approval. While welcoming information from any quarter, the Congress should continue to exercise its own judgment in a matter so vital and important to all the interests of the country as taxation.

National Defense

Being a nation relying not on force, but on fair dealing and good will, to maintain peace with others, we have provided a moderate military force in a form adapted solely to defense. It should be continued with a very generous supply of officers and with the present base of personnel, subject to fluctuations which may be temporarily desirable.

The five-year program for our air forces is in keeping with this

same policy and commensurate with the notable contributions of America to the science of aeronautics. The provisions of the law lately enacted are being successfully executed in the practical difficulties of an orderly and stable development permit.

While our Army is small, prudence requires that it should be kept in a high state of efficiency and provided with such supplies as would permit of its immediate expansion. The garrison ration has lately been increased. Recommendations for an appropriation of \$8,166,000 for new housing made to the previous Congress failed. It is well housed, some of it which is quartered in war-time training camps is becoming poorly housed. In the past three years \$12,533,000 have been appropriated for reconstruction and repairs, and an appropriation of \$22,301,000 for new housing, under which \$8,070,000 has already been appropriated. A law has also been passed, complying with the request of the War Department, authorizing the sale of surplus buildings and land for housing purposes. The work, however, is not completed, so that other appropriations are being recommended.

Western Hemisphere Air Mail

Private enterprise is showing much interest in opening up aviation routes to Mexico and Central and South America. We are particularly solicitous to have the United States take a leading part in this development. It is understood that the governments of our sister countries would be willing to cooperate. The physical features, the undeveloped state of their transportation, make an air service especially adaptable to their usage. The Post Office Department should be granted power to make liberal long-term contracts for carrying our mail, and authority should be given to the Army and the Navy to detail aviators and planes to cooperate with private enterprise in establishing such mail service with the consent of the countries concerned. A committee of the Cabinet will later present a report on this subject.

Good Roads

The importance and benefit of good roads is more and more being appreciated. The National Government has been making liberal contributions to encourage their construction. The results and benefits have been very gratifying. National participation, however, should be confined to trunk-line systems. The national tax on automobiles, and no low-priced cars is not more than \$2 or \$3 each year. While the advantage of having good roads is very large, the cost for improved highways is not limited to our own country. It should and does include all the Western Hemisphere. The principal points in Canada are already accessible. We ought to lend our encouragement in any way we can for more good roads to all the principal points in this hemisphere south of the Rio Grande. It has been our practice to supply these countries with military and naval advisers, when they have requested it to assist them in national defense. The arts of peace are even more important to them and to us. Authority should be given by law to provide them at their request with engineering advisers for the construction of roads and bridges. In some of these countries already wonderful progress is being made in road building, but the engineering features are often very exacting and the financing difficult. Private enterprise should look with favor on all reasonable loans sought by these countries to open such main lines of travel.

This general subject has been promoted by the Pan American conference of roads and bridges, which convened again at Rio de Janeiro in July, 1927. It is desirable that the Congress should provide for the appointment of delegates to represent the Government of the United States.

Cuban Parcel Post

We have a temporary parcel-post convention with Cuba. The advantage of it is all on our side. During 1926 we shipped twenty-four million parcels, weighing twenty-four million pounds, as we received. This convention was made on the understanding that we would repeal an old law prohibiting the importation of cigars and cigarettes in quantities exceeding 3,000 in 1926. It has long been unnecessary. This law unjustly discriminates against an important industry of Cuba. Its repeal has been recommended by the Treasury and Post Office Departments. Unless this is done our merchants and railroads will find themselves deprived of this large parcel-post business after the 1st of next March, the date of the expiration of the convention, which has to be extended upon the specific understanding that it would expire at that time unless this legislation was enacted. We purchase large quantities of tobacco made in Cuba, and it is not probable that this law is repeated, while it would be an advantage to many other industries in the United States.

Insular Possessions

Conditions in the Philippine Islands have been steadily improved. Contentment and good order prevail. Roads, irrigation works, harbor improvements, and public buildings are being constructed. Public education and sanitation have been advanced. The Government is in a sound financial position. These immediate results were especially due to the administration of Gov. Leonard Wood. The six years of his governorship marked a distinct improvement in the islands and rank as one of the outstanding accomplishments of his death is a loss to the Nation and the islands.

Greater progress could be made, more efficiency could be put into administration, if the Congress would undertake to expend through its appropriating power, all or a part of the customs revenues which are now turned over to the Philippine treasury. The powers of the auditor of the islands also need revision and clarification. The government of the islands is a permanent part of the Nation. An extension of the policy of self-government will be hastened by the demonstration on their part of their desire and their ability to carry out cordially and efficiently the provisions of the organic law enacted by the Congress. It would be well for a committee of the Congress to visit the islands every two years.

A fair degree of progress is being made in Porto Rico. Its agricultural products are increasing, but by providing funds for expanding the research work of the department. It is in this direction that much future progress can be expected.

Commercial Aviation

A rapid growth is taking place in aeronautics. The Department of Commerce has charge of the inspection and licensing system and the construction of national airports. The most 8,000 miles already completed and about 4,000 miles more contemplated. Nearly 4,400 miles are now equipped and over 3,000 miles more will have lighting and emergency landing fields by next July. Air mail contracts are expected to cover 24 of these lines. Daily airway flying is nearly 15,000 miles

and is expected to reach 25,000 miles early next year.

Flights for other purposes exceed 22,000 miles each day. Over 900 airports, completed and uncompleted, have been laid out. The demand for aircraft has greatly increased. The policy already adopted by the Congress is producing the sound development of this coming industry.

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His Message To Congress



CALVIN COOLIDGE

are still lacking. Roads are being constructed, which he represents are the first requisite for building schoolhouses. The loyalty of the island to the United States is exceedingly gratifying. A memorial will be presented to you requesting authority to be granted to the people of Porto Rico. This was never done in the case of our own Territories. It is admitted that education outside of the towns is as yet very deficient. Until it has progressed further the efficiency of the government, and the happiness of the people may not be done. It is impossible to provide for the farmer by law what and where he should plant it, and what and where he should sell it. The most effective means of dealing with surplus crops is to reduce the surplus acreage. While this can not be done through the organizations already in existence, through the information published by the Department of Agriculture, and especially through banks and others who supply credit refusing to finance an acreage manifestly too large, it is possible to provide by law for an assured success and prosperity for all those who engage in farming. If acreage becomes overextended, the Government can not assume responsibility for it. The Government can, however, assist cooperative associations and other organizations in orderly marketing and handling a surplus clearly due to weather and seasonal conditions, in order to save the producer from preventable loss. While it is probably impossible to secure this result at a single step, much will have to be worked out by trial and rejection, beginning could be made by setting up a Federal board or commission of able and experienced men in marketing, granting equal advantages under this board to the various agricultural commodities and sections of the country, giving encouragement to the cooperative movement in agriculture, and providing a revolving loan fund at a moderate rate of interest for the necessary financing. Such legislation would lay the foundation for a permanent solution of the surplus problem.

Panama Canal

The number of commercial ships passing through the Panama Canal has increased from 3,967 in 1923 to 5,475 in 1927. The total amount of tonnage turned into the Treasury is over \$166,000,000, while all these operations of the canal have yielded a surplus of about \$80,000,000. In order to provide additional control over the water and give some discharge of the waters of the Chagres River, it is proposed to erect a dam to cost about \$12,000,000 at Alhajuela. It will take some five years to complete this work.

Agriculture

The past year has seen a marked improvement in the general condition of agriculture. Production is better balanced and without acute shortage or heavy surplus. Costs have been reduced and the average output of the worker increased. The level of farm prices has risen, while others have fallen, so that the purchasing power of the farmer is approaching a normal figure. The individual farmer is entitled to great credit for the progress made since 1921. He has adjusted his production and through cooperative organizations and other methods improved his marketing. He is using agricultural facts and employing sound methods which other industries are obliged to use to secure stability and prosperity. The old-fashioned haphazard system is being abandoned, economic are being applied to ascertain the best adapted unit of land, diversification never marches forward in a straight line. It goes in waves. One part goes ahead, while another halts and another recedes. Everybody wishes agriculture to prosper. Any sound and workable proposal to help the farmer will have the earnest support of the Government. Their interests are not all identical. Legislation should assist as many producers in as many regions as possible. It should be the aim to assist the farmer to work out his own salvation socially and economically. No plan will be of any permanent value to him which does not leave him standing on his own foundation.

In the past the Government has spent vast sums to bring land under cultivation. It is apparent that this has reached temporarily the saturation point. We have had a surplus of production and a market for land, which has only lately shown signs of improvement. The main problem which is presented for solution is one of dealing with a surplus of production. It is useless to propose a temporary expedient. What is needed is a permanent and stability. Government price fixing is known to be unsound and bound to result in

The Protective Tariff

The present tariff rates supply the National Treasury with well over \$600,000,000 of annual revenue. Yet, about 65 per cent of our imports come in duty free. Of the remaining 35 per cent of imports about 23 per cent consists of luxuries and agricultural products, and the balance of about 12 per cent, amounting to around \$60,000,000, is made up of manufactures and merchandise. As no one is advocating any material reduction in the rates on agriculture or luxuries, it is only the comparatively small amount of about \$60,000,000 of other imports that are really considered in any discussion of reducing tariff rates. While this amount, duty free, would be large enough seriously to depress many lines of business in our own country, it is of small importance when spread over the rest of the world.

It is often stated that a reduction of tariff rates on industry would benefit agriculture. It would be interesting to know to what commodities it is thought this could be applied. Everything the farmer uses in farming is already on the free list. Nearly everything he sells is protected. It would seem to be obvious that it is better for the farmer to know to what commodities it is thought this could be applied. Everything the farmer uses in farming is already on the free list. Nearly everything he sells is protected. It would seem to be obvious that it is better for the farmer to know to what commodities it is thought this could be applied. Everything the farmer uses in farming is already on the free list. Nearly everything he sells is protected.

It is necessary to look upon this emergency as a national disaster. It has been so treated from its inception. Our whole people have provided their great responsibility for relief. Most of the departments of the Federal Government have been engaged in the same effort. The governments of the affiliated areas, both State and municipal, can not be given too high praise for the courageous and helpful work which they have done in the rescue of the people. If the sources directly chargeable can not meet the demand, the National Government should not fail to provide generous relief. This, however, does not mean restoration. The Government is not an insurer of its citizens against the hazard of the elements. We shall always have flood and drought, heat and cold, earthquake and wind, lightning and tidal wave, which are all too constant in their afflictions. The Government does not undertake to reimburse its citizens for loss and damage incurred under such circumstances. It is chargeable, however, with the rebuilding of public works and the humanitarian duty of relieving its citizens from distress.

Farm Loan System

It is exceedingly important that the Federal land and joint-stock land banks should furnish the best possible service for agriculture. The joint-stock banks have fallen into improper and unusual practices, resulting in the indictment of the officials of three of them. More money has been provided for examinations, and at instances of the Treasury rules and regulations of the Federal Farm Board have been revised. Early last May three of its members resigned. Their places were filled with men connected with the War Finance Corporation, Eugene Meyer being designated as Farm Loan Commissioner. The new members have demonstrated their ability in the field of agriculture finance in the extensive operations of the War Finance Corporation. Three joint-stock banks have gone into receivership. It is necessary to preserve the public confidence in this system in order to find a market for their bonds. A recent flotation was made at a record low rate of 4 per cent. Careful supervision is absolutely necessary to protect the investor and enable these banks to exercise their chief function in serving agriculture.

Muscle Shoals

The last year has seen considerable changes in the problem of Muscle Shoals. Development of other methods show that nitrates can probably be produced at less cost than by the use of hydroelectric power. Extensive investigation made by the Department of Agriculture indicates that the nitrate plants on this project are of little value for national defense and can probably be disposed of within a few years. The oxidation part of the plants, however, should be retained indefinitely. This leaves this project mostly concerned with power. It should, nevertheless, continue to be dedicated to that desire can be best served by disposing of the plant and applying the revenue received from it to research for methods of more economical production of centralized fertilizer and other methods of stimulating its use on the farm.

Flood Control

For many years the Federal Government has been building a system of dikes along the Mississippi River for protection against high water. During the past season the lower States were overcome by a most disastrous flood. Many thousands of square miles were inundated, a great many lives were lost, much livestock was drowned and a very heavy destruction of property was inflicted upon the inhabitants. The American Red Cross at once went to the relief of the stricken communities. Appeals for contributions have brought in over 17,000,000. The Federal Government has provided services, equipment, and supplies probably amounting to about \$7,000,000 more. Between \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000 in addition have been provided by local railroads, the States, and their political units. Credits have been arranged by the Farm Loan Board, and three emergency finance cor-

porations with a total capital of \$3,000,000 have insured additional resources to the extent of \$12,000,000. Through these means 7,000,000 people in the flooded areas have been adequately supported. Provision has been made to care for those in need until after the first of January.

The Engineer Corps of the Army has contracted to close all breaks in the dike system before the next season of high water. A most thorough and elaborate survey of the whole situation has been made and embodied in a report with recommendations for future control, which will be presented to Congress. The carrying out of their plans will necessarily extend over a series of years. They will call for a raising and strengthening of the dike system with provision for emergency spillways and improvements for the benefit of navigation.

Under the present law the land adjacent to the dikes has paid one-third of the cost of their construction. This has been a most extraordinary concession on the part of the landowner in relation to irrigation, where the general rule has been that the land benefited should bear the entire expense. It is true of course, that the troublesome waters do not originate on the land to be reclaimed, but a true and equitable arrangement has a right of way through that section of the country and the land there is charged with that easement. It is the land of this region that is to be benefited. To say that it is unable to bear any expense of reclamation is the same thing as saying that it is not worth reclaiming. Because of expenses incurred and charges already held against this land it seems probable that some revision will have to be made concerning the proportion of cost which should be borne by the landowner. It is extremely important that it should pay enough so that those requesting improvements will be charged with some responsibility for their cost, and the neighborhood where works are constructed have a pecuniary interest in preventing waste and extravagance and securing a wise and economical expenditure of public funds.

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effective shipway remain to be considered. Since the last session the Board of Engineers of the War Department has made a report on the proposal to carry out through the State of New York, and the Joint Board of Engineers, representing Canada and the United States, has finished a report on the St. Lawrence River. Both of these boards conclude that the St. Lawrence project is cheaper, affords a more expeditious method of placing western products in European markets, and will cost less to operate. The State Department has requested the Canadian Government to negotiate treaties necessary to provide for this improvement. It will also be necessary to secure an agreement with Canada to put in works necessary to prevent fluctuation in the levels of the Great Lakes.

Legislation is desirable for the construction of a dam at Boulder Canyon on the Colorado River, primarily as a method of flood control and irrigation. A secondary result would be a considerable power development and a source of domestic water supply for southern California. Flood control is clearly a national problem, and water supply is a Government problem, but securing an agreement should be exhausted before the Federal Government becomes engaged in the power business. The States which are interested ought to reach mutual agreement. This project is in reality their work. If they wish the Federal Government to undertake it, they should not hesitate to make the necessary concessions to each other. This subject is fully discussed in the annual report of the Secretary of the Interior. The Columbia River Basin project is being studied and will be one to be considered at some future time.

The Inland Waterways Corporation is proving successful and especially beneficial to agriculture. A survey is being made to determine its future needs. It has never been contemplated that inland rivers were opened to navigation. It would then be necessary for the Federal Government to provide the navigation. Such a request is very nearly the equivalent of a declaration that their navigation is not profitable, that the commodities which they carry can be taken at a cheaper rate by some other method, in which case the hundreds of millions of dollars proposed to be expended for opening rivers to navigation would be not only wasted, but would entail further constant expenditures to carry the commodities of private persons for less than cost.

The policy is well established that the Government should open public highways on land and on water, but for use of the public in their private capacity. It has put on some demonstration barges, but always with the expectation that if they prove profitable they would pass into private hands and if they do not prove profitable they will be withdrawn. The problems of transportation over inland waterways should be taken up by private enterprise, so that the public will have the advantage of competition in service. It is expected that some of our lines can be sold, some more demonstration work done, and that with the completion of the Ohio project a policy of private operation can be fully developed.

After more than two generations of constant debate, our country adopted a system of national prohibition under all the solemnities involved in an amendment to the Federal Constitution. In obedience to this mandate the Congress and the States, with one or two notable exceptions, have passed required laws for its administration and enforcement. This imposes upon the citizenship of the country, and especially upon the officers, not only the duty to enforce, but the obligation to observe the sanctions of this constitutional provision and its resulting laws. If this condition could be secured, all question concerning prohibition would cease. The Federal Government is making every effort to accomplish these results through careful organization, large appropriations, and administrative effort. Smuggling has been greatly cut down, the large sources of supply for illegal sales have been checked, and by means of injunction and criminal prosecution the process of enforcement is being applied. The same vigilance on the part of local governments would render these efforts much more successful. The Federal authorities propose to discharge their obligation for enforcement to the full extent of their ability.

The Negro

History does not anywhere record so much progress made in the same length of time as that which has been accomplished by the Negro race in the United States since the Emancipation Proclamation. They have come up from slavery to be prominent in education, the professions, art, science, agriculture, banking, and commerce. It is estimated that \$9,000 of them are on the Government pay rolls, drawing about \$50,000,000 each year. They have been the recipients of presidential appointments and their professional ability has arisen to a sufficiently high plane so that they have been entrusted with the entire management and control of the great veterans' hospital at Tuskegee, where their conduct has taken high rank. They have shown that they have been worthy of all the encouragement which they have received. Nevertheless, they are too often neglected to thoughtful and inconsiderate treatment, unworthy alike of the white or colored races. They have especially been made the target of the four criminal lynching. For several years these acts of unlawful violence have been diminishing. In the last year they have shown an increase. Every prin-

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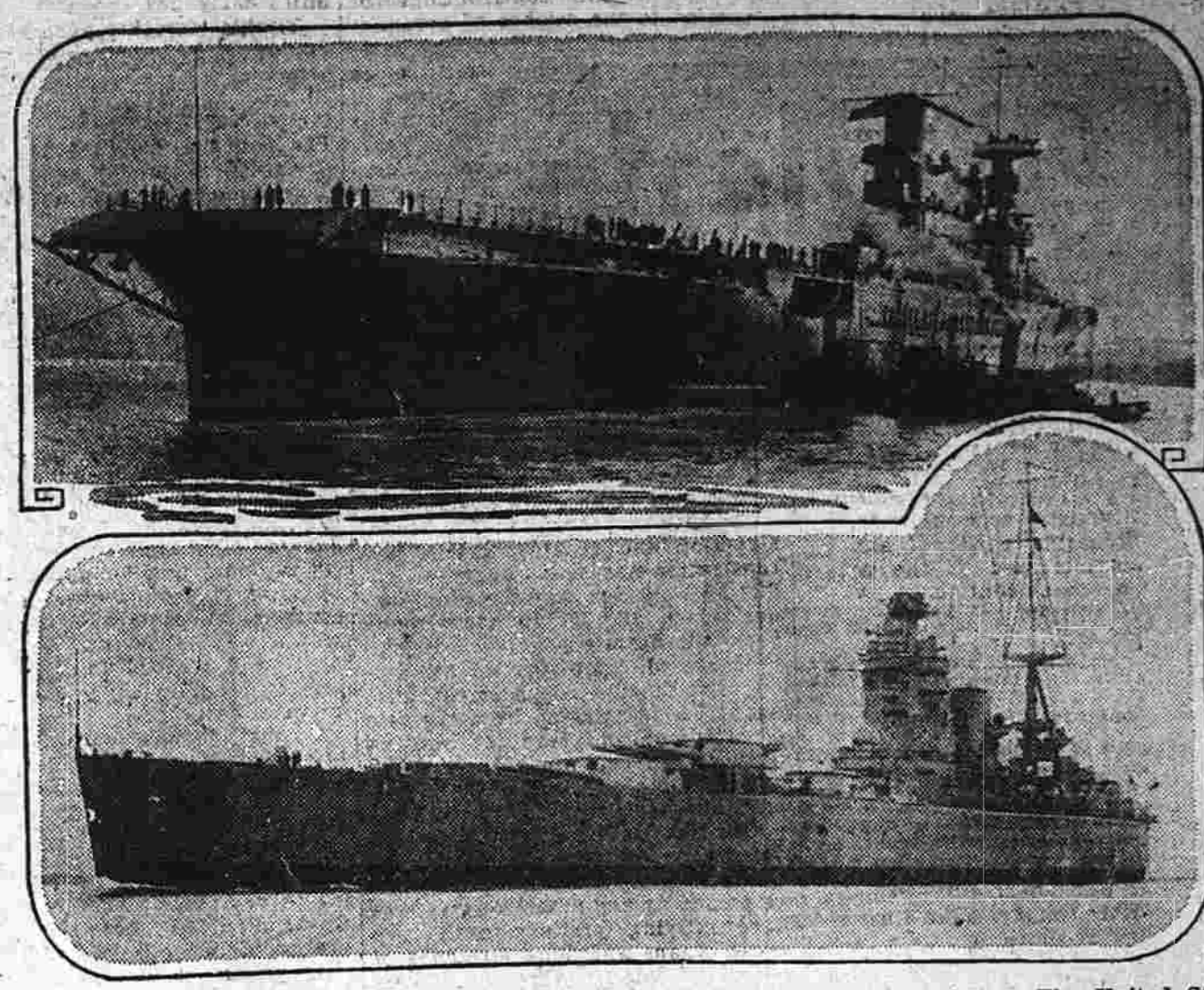
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LATEST ADDITIONS TO RIVAL FLEETS



Nine years after the close of the "war to end wars" the nations are still arming. The United States and England recently brought out starting new additions to their battle fleets. The vessels are pictured here. At the top is the new U. S. S. Saratoga, airplane carrier, largest ship in the U. S. navy. It is 885 feet long, has a huge landing deck to accommodate many airplanes and cost \$45,000,000. Below is H. M. S. Rodney, England's newest and most powerful battleship, just completed at a cost of approximately \$35,000,000.

TEXT OF PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE TO CONGRESS

(Continued From Page 8.)

ple of order and law and liberty is opposed to this crime. The Congress should enact any legislation it can under the Constitution to provide for its elimination.

American Indian

The condition of the American Indian has much improved in recent years. Full citizenship was bestowed upon them on June 2, 1924, and appropriations for their care and advancement have been increased. Still there remains much to be done.

Education

For many years there has been the policy of the Federal Government to encourage and foster the cause of education. Large sums of money are annually appropriated to carry on vocational training. Many millions go into agricultural schools.

Department of Labor

Industrial relations have never been more peaceful. In recent months there have suffered from some of the most serious controversies. In all these difficulties have been adjusted, both management and labor wishing to settle controversies by friendly agreement rather than by compulsion.

Coal

Legislation authorizing a system of fuel administration and the appointment by the President of a Board of Mediation and Conciliation in case of actual or threatened interruption of production is needed. The miners themselves are now seeking information and action from the Government, which could readily be secured through such a board.

Petroleum Conservation

The National Government is undertaking to join in the formation of a cooperative committee of engineers, geologists and geographers, and to consider legislation by the States or by the Congress can be adopted for the preservation and conservation of our supply of petroleum. This has come to be one of the main dependencies for transportation and power so necessary to our agricultural and industrial life.

Allen Property

Under treaty and property held by the Allen Property Custodian was to be retained until suitable provision had been made for the satisfaction of American claims. While still protecting the American claimants, the order to afford every possible accommodation to the nationals of the countries whose property was held, the Congress has made liberal provision for the return of a large part of the property. All trust funds of \$10,000 were returned in full, and partial returns were made on the others. The total returned was approximately \$350,000,000.

Railroad Consolidation

In order to increase the efficiency of transportation and decrease its cost to the shipper, railroad consolidation must be secured. Legislation is needed to simplify the necessary procedure to secure such agreements and arrangements for consolidation, always under the control and with the approval of the Interstate Commerce Commission. Pending this, no adequate or permanent reorganization can be made of the freight-rail structure. Meanwhile, both agriculture and industry are compelled to wait for needed relief. This is purely a business question, which should be stripped of all local and sectional considerations and decided on broad principles and its merits in order to promote the public welfare. A large amount of new construction and equipment, which will furnish employment for labor and markets for commodities of both factory and farm, wait on the decision of this important question. Delay is holding back the progress of our country.

Foreign Relations

It is the policy of the United States to promote peace. We are a peaceful people and committed to the use of diplomatic and conciliatory adjustment rather than by force. We have believed that peace can best be secured by a faithful observance on our part of the principles of international law, accompanied by patience and conciliation, and requiring of others like treatment for ourselves. We have lately had some difference with Mexico relative to the injuries inflicted upon our nationals and their property within that country. A firm adherence to our rights and a scrupulous respect for the sovereignty of Mexico, both in accordance with the law of nations, coupled with patience and forbearance, it is hoped will resolve all our differences with the interfering with the friendly relationship between the two Governments.

Veterans

We have been compelled to send naval and marine forces to China to protect the lives and property of our citizens. Fortunately, a simple presence there has been sufficient to prevent any material loss of life. But there has been considerable loss of property. That unhappy country is torn by factions and revolutions which bid fair to last for an indefinite period. Meanwhile we are protecting our citizens and stand ready to co-operate with any government which may emerge in promoting the welfare of the people of China. They have always had our friendship, and they should especially merit our consideration in these days of their distraction and distress.

Public Buildings

Construction under way in the country and ground has been broken for carrying out a public-building program for Washington. We have reached a time when not only the conveniences but the architectural beauty of the public buildings in the Nation should be given much attention. It will be necessary to purchase further land and provide the required continuing appropriations.

Historical Celebrations

Provision is being made to commemorate the two hundredth anniversary of the birth of George Washington. Suggestion has been made for the construction of a memorial road leading from the Capital to Mount Vernon, which may well have the consideration of the Congress, and the commission entrusted with preparations for the celebration will undoubtedly recommend publication of the complete writings of Washington as well as of writings by different authors relating to him.

New money in use in Palestine

bears inscriptions in English, Arabic and Hebrew. There are no gold coins; the pound is a paper note, with only silver and copper coins. Americans spend \$500,000,000 a year for gems.

ASSERTS EUROPE IS NOW UNSAFE FOR DEMOCRACY

War Slogan Lost as Dictators Rule—Reds Are One Peril and Fascisti Another.

but the country as a whole is no freer. Even in countries that thus far have escaped both fascism and bolshevism, the two "corrosive acids" are at work, and no one knows what may take place in the near future.

England has a little hand of die-hard Fascists and a much larger group of Communists. France has a well-organized Fascist party and a Communist party so strong that it owns big newspapers and has a number of delegates in parliament. Elections in big cities and spreads mutiny in the army. In Germany the extreme monarchists, with the powerful "steel helmet" dream of fascism; the Communists keep pace with them, helped by contributions of money from Moscow.

There is a rather significant sign of this latter thing in Spain. Primo Rivera, the dictator, seems to be considering a form of government that will be not unlike the States a few years ago by a highly cynical Washington correspondent. That correspondent, you may recall, said that instead of having the senator from that state, we have the senator from oil, the senator from steel, and so on.

Rivera's idea seems to call for some sort of parliament composed of representatives of the various classes instead of provinces and cities. There would be representatives of the business interests, representatives of the farmers, representatives of labor, representatives of professional groups and so on. Apparently his plan, if not fully worked out, is to effect, Europe will see an entirely new form of government.

Indeed, something like that may eventually prove Europe's middle road between fascism and bolshevism. Parliamentary government of the familiar kind has been highly successful in England and America; but in most Euro-

pean nations it has had sordid. Nations like France and Germany have six or a dozen political parties. No party often has a clear majority in parliament; coalition, with compromise, frequent changes and unstable policies are the inevitable result.

All is turmoil. But, as remarked before, it would take a rash person to predict anything definite about Europe's future. The great war and the revolutions which followed have started fires which may smelt all known forms of government and bring out something new; on the other hand, they may bring many new revolutions and complications.

Property and privilege on the one hand fight "the masses" on the other. In between lies the great middle class, seeking to get on with the job of making a living in peace. Europe's future may depend on how far this great middle class is able to influence events.

Tomorrow: Europe—An Armed Camp.

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C. N. G. CHAPLAIN FROWNS ON COMPANIONATE MARRIAGE

Rev. Richard H. McLaughlin, pastor of the Church of the Redeemer of Hartford and chaplain in the 169th Infantry, C. N. G. will be known by many Manchester soldiers declared in his Sunday sermon that "the companionate marriage is the most dangerous threat to the sacredness of marriage ever experienced in the history of our church."

TOWN ADVERTISEMENT

BOARD OF SELECTMEN TOWN OF MANCHESTER.

DECISION

Of the Selectmen of the Town of Manchester, Conn., upon the proposal of Selectmen for the establishment of building and veranda lines on the east and south and west and north side of Comstock Road, between South Main Street on the west and Spring Street on the north.

Upon proposal of Selectmen for the establishment of building and veranda lines on the east and south side and west and north side of Comstock Road between South Main Street on the west and Spring Street on the north, the Selectmen of the Town of Manchester, Conn., acting under and pursuant to Section 9 (44) (House Bill No. 1044), Special Laws of Connecticut, 1913, and Sections 1-5 (452) Special Laws of Connecticut, 1917, having caused a copy of the proposed order designating and establishing building and veranda lines on Comstock Road, a highway within said Town of Manchester, to be filed in a newspaper printed in said Manchester, at least five days before the date of said hearing, in a Post Office together with a notice of time and place of said hearing, for at his or their last known address, five days before said hearing, for the purpose of designating and establishing the benefits caused by laying out said building and veranda lines under said petition and proposed order in said Town of Manchester on the 21st day of October A. D., 1927, at eight o'clock in the afternoon, the time and place of the parties present, and, having viewed the premises and heard all the parties present and interested, deem it for the public good to designate and establish building and veranda lines on said Comstock Road under said petition and proposed order, and it is

WEST AND NORTH SIDES

The building line on the north and west sides of Comstock Road is twenty (20) feet north of and parallel to the north line of Comstock Road, from the east line of South Main Street on the west to a point 100 feet east of the east line of said South Main Street, and parallel to point the building line is thirty-five (35) feet north of and parallel to the north line of Comstock Road, from the east line of Lot No. 24 on the east, and from said point to the north and west lines of Comstock Road, and parallel to the north and west lines of Comstock Road, from the south line of Lot No. 26 on the north, and from said point to the north and west lines of Comstock Road, from the east line of South Main Street on the west to a point 100 feet east of the east line of said South Main Street, and parallel to point the veranda line is twenty-five (25) feet north of and parallel to the north line of Comstock Road, from the east line of Lot No. 24 on the east, and from said point to the north and west lines of Comstock Road, and parallel to the north and west lines of Comstock Road, from the south line of Lot No. 26 on the north, and from said point to the north and west lines of Comstock Road, from the east line of South Main Street on the west to a point 100 feet east of the east line of said Comstock Road.

EAST SIDE

The building line on the east side of Comstock Road is ten (10) feet east of and parallel to the east line of Comstock Road, from the south line of Spring Street on the north to a point 100 feet south of the south line of said Spring Street, and from said point to the south line of Lot No. 31 on the south the building line is thirty-five (35) feet east of and parallel to the east line of Comstock Road.

The veranda line on the east side of Comstock Road, from the east line of Spring Street on the north to a point 100 feet south of the south line of said Spring Street, and from said point to the north line of Lot No. 31 on the south the veranda line is twenty-five (25) feet east of and parallel to the east line of said Comstock Road.

Table with 4 columns: Property Owner, Feet Frontage, Damages, Benefits. Lists names like C. Elmore Watkins, Paul G. and Grace L. Ferris, Cheney Brothers, etc.

And we find no Damages or Special Benefits to any other person or party.

For and by order of the Board of Selectmen of the Town of Manchester, Connecticut,

THOMAS J. ROGERS, Secretary.

A true and attested copy of original order.

THOMAS J. ROGERS, Secretary of the Board of Selectmen.

Manchester, Conn., Dec. 5, 1927.

The "World's Best Brakes"

—you'll find them on the WOLVERINE

Four-wheel, hydraulic, internal, two-shoe brakes are regular equipment on the Reo Wolverine as they are on the Reo Flying Cloud. There is no better brake; automotive engineers who know and test all kinds, will tell you this.

You can prove it for yourself. Try a Reo Wolverine—stop it at any speed—on any road. Note how quickly and how smoothly you stop, without jar or discomfort to passengers, without strain on the car. Stop it on a slippery pavement—you can't skid a Wolverine with these brakes.

Note particularly how accessible the brake pedal is. You don't have to lift your foot to reach it, you don't have to push the pedal down whole inches before the brakes begin to take hold.

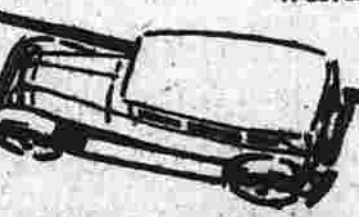
Wolverine brakes will continue to be just as effective after thousands and thousands of miles as they are the day you try them first. The fact that they are hydraulic obviates the necessity for equalizing adjustments—they're always ready to work. The fact that they are "internal-expanding" means that the brake drum and the brake shoes are protected from water and dirt. The fact that they are "two-shoe" brakes makes them equally effective whether the car is going forward or backward.

And Wolverine brakes are typical of Wolverine quality throughout. Drive one yourself—you'll find it's the kind of car you'll like to own.

REO MOTOR CAR COMPANY, Lansing, Michigan

GEORGE L. BETTS 127 Spruce Street South Manchester

The Newest AMERICAN Car by One of the Oldest AMERICAN Builders



THE HERALD'S HOME PAGE

LATEST FASHION HINTS BY FOREMOST AUTHORITIES

FEATURE ARTICLES ABOUT INTERESTING WOMEN

The Blazing Horizon

THE STORY TOLD BY TONY HARRISON... HECK SHERMAN called caustically from the sidelines...



CHAPTER XIII HECK SHERMAN called caustically from the sidelines...

ow my carefree disposition to my lack of riches. Figuring out how to take care of my money would more than likely break down my health...

Shater shrugged his shoulders and laughed, but the laugh sounded a little forced. "Oh, well, I don't worry very much over Blake. Mean while, I'd like to have you drop in at the Oasis and see what it's like for yourself..."

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This And That In Feminine Lore

"Aint it a grand and glorious feeling" to wake up in the morning, look into the mirror and see a head of beautiful wavy locks instead of straggly, straight hair. That thrill comes only after you have had a Circuline Permanent wave at the Lily Beauty shop in the House & Hale building. Tel. 1671.

Many women prefer homespun to tweed for practical dresses, while perhaps it is the more expensive of the two, it comes in rather more attractive colors.

"Ideal Fashions" by Jean Belle Hamilton. Smart Alliance of Jabot and Pleats. This attractive one-piece frock in the wardrobe means preparedness for innumerable occasions.

Clara Bow, one of the pets of screenland, gives the recipe for her favorite rabbit as follows: "Two tablespoons butter, a tablespoon flour, 3-4 cup thin cream, 3-4 cup stewed and strained tomatoes, 1-2 teaspoon soda, 2 cups fine-cut cheese, 2 eggs slightly beaten, salt, mustard cayenne."

The WOMAN'S DAY

Have you ever heard anything of ideal for life, and because of the desire to see that ideal realized through their children. On inheritance. The Rabbi hits our inheritance laws, too, and seems to find something to be said for the continental system of dowries. He says: "If parents were willing to help the young people at the time of life when they need their financial aid in the building up of a family, instead of leaving them an estate in a large lump sum at the parents' death, there would be more early love marriages and less provocation for companionate marriages."

C. Marriage Again "Companionate marriage" is causing more discussion than even "moral turpitude" did once upon a time. These comments come from Rabbi Barnett R. Brickner of Cleveland: "True love is more than passion; it is the afterglow from the embers of the fire, that finds human expression in intellectual and spiritual companionship between two people of opposite sex, who live together because they have a common purpose."

Dr. Martha Manning, home refrigeration expert, warns against the practice of using the refrigerator without ice on the arrival of cold weather. Ice produces air circulation, otherwise strong flavors mix and stagnate air quickly becomes unpleasant. Once foodstuffs come from the refrigerator air not moistened by the melting ice, the clearest cook cannot restore their fresh coloring and crispness.

Patou, Paris fashion designer, says the trial he made last summer of watered silks was so successful that he is encouraged to use this fabric more extensively, but in a lighter weave of the same kind. The use of these stiff materials gives more significance to an evening gown and the fabric is so rich that little in the way of embellishment is needed.

Our blonde friends have long been familiar with the use of peroxide of hydrogen as a bleaching agent. By combining it with a small amount of ammonia water, they have been able to achieve the golden color that is so much admired. And who can blame them for trying to correct a little oversight of Nature, who gave them dust, or drab-colored tresses, which clamp their style?

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Baking Powder Plus! Rumford adds real food value to cakes, hot breads and pastry. In addition to raising batter and dough just right it also makes baked food actually more nourishing. Rumford is a perfect leavener—plus!

Daily Health Service HINTS ON HOW TO KEEP WELL by World Famed Authority. Editor Journal of the American Medical Association and of Hygiene, the Health Magazine. Specialists in diseases of the skin have a special classification of inflammations which includes all of the irritating due to conditions occurring in industry.

Home Page Editorial Men-o'-war And Your Baby. By Olive Roberts Barton. A certain Congressman has a plan up his sleeve to get Congress to divert the funds appropriated for the Children's Bureau to the building of battleships. Now we need battleships to keep the babies safe, no doubt, from invading foes, but we might suggest to the gentleman and his followers that we need the babies first and after they are here, there are more numerous more deadly and more imminent foes to menace their safety than all the enemy cruisers in the world now.

Manchester Herald Pattern Service. Pattern No. Price 15 Cents. Name Size Address. Send your order to the "Pattern Dept., Manchester Evening Herald, Manchester, Conn."

MOTHER! Look at Child's Tongue if Sick, Cross, Feverish. Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, it is a sure sign that your little one's stomach, liver and bowels need a gentle, thorough cleansing at once. When peevish, cross, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, doesn't eat or act naturally, or is feverish, stomach-ache, sore throat, diarrhoea, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Fig Syrup," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of the little bowels without gripping, and you have a well, playful child again.

Taylor Is Favored To Beat Seeche At Rec Tonight

BASKETBALL SEASON TO START IN MANCHESTER FRIDAY NIGHT

Hartford High Opposes Manchester High at Rec; Local Lineup Not Yet Certain; Coach Clarke Has Tough Job.

Basketball, the sport which to a great extent, supports baseball and football at Manchester High school, slips into the spotlight Friday night when Hartford High comes here seeking revenge for a 46 to 16 pasting it took last December.

Although this season's squad doesn't look as promising as the one which came within one point of annexing the state championship last season, Coach Wilfred J. Clarke is hopeful that his charges will come through with flying colors and send Hartford back on the short end of the score once more.

Last season, Manchester had a great team in Ty Holland and Jimmy Gorman, forwards, "Ding" Farr, center, and Billy Dowd and Nino Boggnini, guards. From this quintet, Holland, Gorman and Farr, the three offensive stars, have disappeared because of graduation and now the burden falls on Dowd, Boggnini and a group of question marks.

After several weeks of practice during which first one player and then another has showed promise of being a "comer," Coach Clarke has selected the following players on his first team, Billy Dowd, Nino Boggnini, Alphonse Boggnini, V. Boggnini, Raymond Campbell, George Keeney, Walter Kittel, Edgar Opizki, Terrance Shannon and Dick Kerr.

The lineup for the opening night is far from a certainty, says Coach Clarke. Opizki and N. Boggnini may start at forwards, Kittel at center with Dowd and Shannon at guards. However, this is pure guesswork and there are several possibilities which time alone will iron out.

In the preliminary game, Manchester High seconds will oppose Hartford High's second team. For the second team, Coach Clarke will call upon the following players: Herbert Brockert, Ernie Davis, George Greenway, William Johnson, James McCaw, Joe McCluskey, Hugh Moriarty, Donald Healey, Danny Renn, Sherwood Trueman and H. Turkington.

Manchester High's schedule this season is practically the same as a year ago except that it calls for two games with Crosby High of Waterbury. Here it is:

- December 9, Hartford, here.
- December 16, East Hartford, here.
- Dec. 17, Crosby at Waterbury.
- Dec. 24, Alumnus here.
- Dec. 31, Bristol here.
- Jan. 6, East Hartford here.
- Jan. 7, Crosby High here.
- Jan. 13, Meriden here.
- Jan. 20, Windham here.
- Jan. 28, Middletown here.
- Feb. 3, N. H. Hillhouse here.
- Feb. 4, West Hartford here.
- Feb. 10, Meriden, there.
- Feb. 17, Bristol here.
- Feb. 24, West Hartford here.
- Feb. 25, New Haven here.
- March 2, Middletown here.
- March 9, Windham here.
- March 16, Yale Tourney, 2.

This year more than 50 per cent of the students of Robert College, an American institution in Constantinople, are Turks, as compared with only 5 per cent before the war.

NEW YORK FANS NOT FIGHT MAD

All the Topnotchers, Therefore, Are Seeking Bouts In Western Kings.

By DAVIS J. WALSH
I. N. S. Sports Editor.

New York, Dec. 6.—Boxing, enjoying such poor health here that Mr. T. Rickard can be induced to leap with sounds of glad glee upon the \$20,000 offered him by Leo P. Flynn and Jimmy Johnston for a night's lease of the Garden, once more is going west for its action starting in Cleveland tomorrow night. This occasion will be the ten round meeting between Philip Fall-dow Scott, of the British empire, no less, and Johnny Risko, the great Paulino, who is being promoted, the event being of national interest for several reasons.

One of these is that Scott, like Paulino, seemingly can die a lot of competitive deaths without affecting his status in the so-called heavy-weight elimination tourney. Another reason for the national concern in this occasion centers around the fact that everybody is beginning to wonder just what Risko has to do to get a nod from the men who are sponsoring the tourney in question.

Beat Delaney. A short time ago, he beat Jack Delaney. Yet Delaney is in and Risko is out. John also gave Paulino a veneering with the same result. Paulino belongs and John doesn't. Apparently, a trial horse is an animal which scores its victories only in the nature of a vast mistake. This condition, of course, can be rectified only by regarding the losers as the winners and forgetting the entire incident with all haste.

Two nights after the Cleveland affair, the scene will shift to Chicago for a renewal of the Berlenbach-Delaney series, this one being interesting largely because the men involved probably are the only ones in the country who are not altogether aware of the fact that they have become passe. Still, any Berlenbach-Delaney fight is worth a second look and Chicago again has outscored New York by getting it.

Eight Fans Wary. Somehow, the cloak and suit boys here aren't forming on the left with their accustomed alacrity this winter. The result being few good houses at even fewer good fights. The middle west got the break on the Jimmy McLarnin performances, although the young man had been megaphoned sufficiently here to sell the Garden out against Sid Terris, if times were better. But times aren't and we haven't seen McLarnin yet.

In addition, Chicago seems to have the exclusive rights on Mickey Walker, one of the most attractive of the champions, and Los Angeles was doing a thriving business with the welterweights until Joe Dundee turned up absent at the Hudkins fiasco.

New York, of course, will manage to bear up very bravely even if it is forced to get along without anything like the Dundee matter. In fact, the fight as a fighters I am mentioning are merely good attractions without carrying the matter to an extreme; just fill-in stuff between the high spots.

And that's just the point. The high spots here have been lower than a fallen arch.

Phil Scott, the horizontal British heavy, won a fight. The Prince of Wales probably will now throw a horse.

Dr. Alekhine, the new chess champion, will be ready for another battle, he says, by 1929. He doesn't choose to move in 1928.

Now that football's over, Mr. O'Goofy declaims, the mythical experts are at it again.

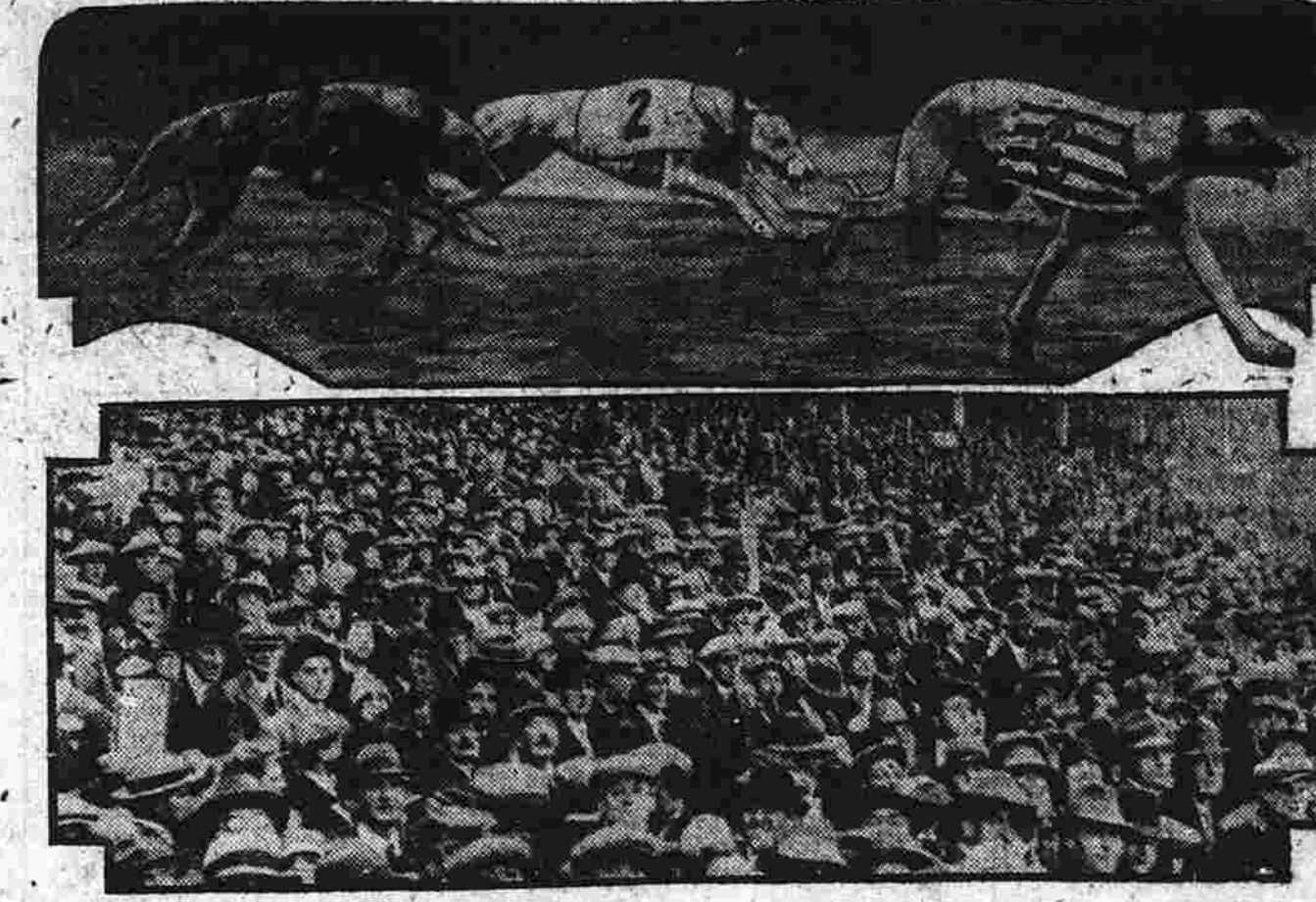
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Washington, Pa., Dec. 6.—Andy Kerr, Washington & Jefferson coach, has corralled 17 players for his picked eastern football team which will clash with an All-Western eleven in San Francisco on Dec. 26. The latest stars to accept invitations are Nat Weinstein, tackle on Western Maryland, and Harold Hanson, Minnesota's all-American guard.

Kerr is still hopeful of getting Joesting, the great Minnesota full-back.

ENGLAND'S GREATEST SPORT



KIPKE TO COACH



Harry Kipke, one of the great backfield stars ever turned out at Michigan, is to coach the Michigan State college next season. He has signed a three-year contract. While at Michigan Kipke was an All-America selection. Since graduation he has assisted in coaching at Michigan and had much to do with developing Gilbert into the best punter in the Big Ten.

CORNELL'S CAPTAIN

Ithaca, N. Y., Dec. 6.—Dudley Nelson Schoales, 20, of Cleveland Heights, Ohio, has been elected captain of the 1928 Cornell University football team and Horance A. Benson of Esperance, N. Y., has been chosen to the captaincy of next year's Red & White cross-country team. It was announced here today.

Schoales, a junior, played on his freshman team and has been right end on the varsity team during the past two seasons.

Benson won the freshman intercollegiate in New York in 1925 and has been undefeated in dual competition both in cross country and the mile and two mile runs. Arch trouble kept him out of competition this year.

The meguls are gathering in New York. A couple of trades already have been made. Throw in another log, boys, the season's on!

From 40,000 to 60,000 Fans See Greyhounds Race Nightly In London; British Treasury Makes \$50,000 Per Week.

BY MILTON BRONNER
London, Dec. 6.—Great Britain is going to the dogs! With enthusiasm and with joy.

The result of it all is that the British treasury is benefiting to the tune of \$50,000 per week. Wherefore, Chancellor of the Exchequer Winston Churchill probably hopes Great Britain will continue to go to the dogs.

For you see, this is a literal fact. Every night from 40,000 to 60,000 Londoners go to the dogs, and every night in the rest of Britain about 40,000 more go to the dogs. In other words, they are docking to the new sport, greyhound racing. So are the book-makers.

The result is that this sports-mad, betting-mad nation has a new outlet for energy. The newspapers are almost as much about greyhounds as they used to be about horses. Their experts prepare "form" sheets. Their sports editors pick the best choice in each race.

Greyhound racing started in England 50 years ago when some fellow invented a mechanical hare with machinery in its insides which could be wound up and cause the hare to run around a track.

It was an American, O. P. Smith, however, who invented the present electrical hare which is in vogue in Florida, Kentucky and other states in the United States. A electrically-driven machine runs around the track on a pair of rails. Extending from this machine is an arm on which sits the artificial hare, which the greyhounds chase. The speed of the hare is regulated by the man in the control tower.

In July of last year, the Greyhound Racing Association was formed here and opened a track in Manchester. The founders did not dream the thing would catch on the way it did. But the facts were these: There is horse racing in the big cities and people can't afford to go. Also they are held in the daytime and people can't leave their jobs. The result is that men often bet on the horse races but rarely see a race.

Greyhound racing filled all their needs. Such races could be held in covered buildings in the big cities. They could be held at night. Huge crowds commenced to flock to them, paying big prices for seats and betting freely on the hounds. So the association rented White City in London last July and repeated its Manchester success.

We think we have big crowds when we get 30,000 to 50,000 people at a big intercollegiate football final or baseball championship, but London has been pouring from 40,000 to 100,000 nightly to the greyhound races.

The association has since opened tracks at Edinburgh, Birmingham, and a second one in London known as the Harringay track.

On the opening night at the latter, despite a pouring rain, the attendance was 40,000 and 700 book-makers were there. Independent organizations have opened tracks at Sheffield, Hull, Southend and Bristol. Another concern is going to build a huge one near London, where seats for 100,000 will be provided.

Some idea of the crowds drawn outside of London may be gathered from this estimated weekly attendance: Manchester, 60,000; Leeds, 40,000; Birmingham, 40,000; Blackpool, 35,000; Sheffield, 20,000; Burnley, 20,000; Southend, 10,000.

The taxes paid to the nation in the shape of entertainment taxes and betting taxes are bringing in \$50,000 per week to the treasury. And the end is not in sight.

The dog races have been so popular that Lord Lonsdale, a well known sportsman, has seriously suggested that horse races might also be held by electric light.

PROBABLE PROGRAM

- 135 pounds: Marino Pagnoni, Springfield, vs. Antonio Borano, Providence.
- 118 pounds: Tony Korman, Springfield, vs. Antonio Mastroianni, Providence.
- 112 pounds: Art Chapdelaine, Springfield, vs. Paris Caprice, Providence.
- 126 pounds: Johnny Mastro, Hartford, vs. Antonio Caprio, Providence.
- 118 pounds: Adolph Donofrio, Hartford, vs. Edo Venditti, Providence.
- 130 pounds: Joe Silve, Hartford, vs. Billy White, Springfield.
- 145 pounds: Billy Taylor, Hartford, vs. Harry Seeche, Hartford.

TWO TEAMS TIED FOR LEAGUE LEAD

Manchester Construction and Plumbing & Supply Head Commercial Circuit.

The Commercial Bowling League will convene for another of its weekly Tuesday night sessions tonight at Murphy's alleys at 7:30.

One match scheduled for this evening between the A. & P. and Keiths has already been rolled and therefore Keiths will not be seen in action tonight. The A. & P., however, will roll off a postponed match with the High school faculty at 9 o'clock.

The High school meets Watkin Brothers in its regular tussle. The Trade school faculty meets the Manchester Construction Company and Manchester Trust Company opposes Manchester Plumbing & Supply.

Plumbing and Manchester Construction are leading the league with eight out of a possible twelve points. Closely following them are the Manchester Trust with seven out of twelve, Watkin Brothers with seven out of twelve and the High school with seven out of eight. The Trade school has two points and Keiths, one. The A. & P. is not yet officially credited with any points but it has already assured itself of four for tonight and has a chance to pick up four more.

Although Alfred Petke is sporting an average of 105.3, he has only rolled three games and therefore not a single game is the real leader with 101.4. Following in the list of bowlers in the nineties, Read Richardson, 97.6, Clarence Thornton, 90, John Echmalan, 90.3, F. C. Knoke, 97.5, Frank Limbacher, 90.1, John Lovett, 90, Joseph Sargent, 96.3, Martin Alvard, 97.1, Wilfred Smith, 94.7, Joseph Barrett, 99.2, Fred Blah Jr., 92.5.

Hayes' Protege Better Boxer But Opponent Packs Dynamite In Both Mitts Plus Gameness

Season's Best Amateur Card Expected to Attract Hundreds of Boxing Lovers; Springfield, Hartford and Providence Men Make Up Card.

Billy Taylor will climb into the ring at the School street Rec tonight a warm favorite to defeat Harry Seeche but the latter may provide plenty of opposition. Taylor holds the advantage of having whipped Seeche once before but this may only spur his Russian rival on to greater heights.

These two Hartford battlers are carded to swap punches in the main go of a program of seven amateur bouts under the auspices of Cheney Brothers Athletic Association. The first bout starts at 8:30. Walter Vonnart will be the third man in the ring, Ed McCarthy, the announcer and Harry White, the timekeeper.

In all probability Taylor will have the majority of the gallery rooting for him because it was here that the ex-Hartford High school athlete made his debut in the amateur game last winter. Under the management of Dave Hayes, former Manchester man, Taylor has made remarkable progress in the ranks of the simon purrs. In the twenty odd bouts he has fought, Taylor has yet to taste defeat, unless you count a decision against him recently via the foul route in favor of an opponent whom Taylor soundly trounced a week later.

Shift on his feet and both aggressive and alert, Taylor has defeated one after another until now he is recognized as one of the topnotchers in the amateur game. As a consequence, his services are in demand throughout the state. Further proof of Taylor's boxing ability was given in Hartford a fortnight ago when he scored a clean cut decision over Pinkey Kauffman, crack Hartford middleweight.

All this much for Taylor. Now for Seeche who will probably enter the ring a few pounds heavier. Noted for his exceptional gameness, Seeche has earned himself many friends in Hartford where he has scored many victories of late. Although far from being a boxer of Taylor's ability, Seeche packs much more dynamite in his faithful right and should he connect full force tonight, it would not be at all surprising to see the usually erect Mr. Taylor in a reeling posture. Seeche's biggest fault is that he

doesn't observe training rules. The writer will not be surprised if Seeche makes things far more interesting for Taylor than did Kauffman. But, if Seeche doesn't win the first or second round by a knockout, bet every nickel you've got on Taylor.

While the main interest will naturally fall on the outcome of the Taylor-Seeche bout, the rest of the card is composed of other topnotchers from Springfield and Providence. The program above tends to prove that without further mention, Art Chapdelaine, a hard hitting southpaw from Springfield, is a boy who has considerable difficulty in getting opponents to meet him. Among his creditable victories here last winter, was one over Del Poullet of New Britain. It was a battle of porters.

Tony Korman, another Springfield amateur, has yet to taste defeat in a local contest. He has polished off Ray Strong and Johnie Mastro and his battle with Billy Laboc, local boy, will long be remembered by those who saw it, both boys being practically "out on their feet" at the end of the third round.

Marino Pagnoni, recent conqueror of Pancho Villa, is a hard boy to stop. He is fast and has a destructive punch. Pagnoni is another boy whom Manager Henry Jolly finds hard to secure competition for.

The Providence team has made an excellent name for itself, having appeared in Eastern Connecticut, Rhode Island and Massachusetts. The only boy who appeared in Manchester last winter was Antonio Caprio, who dropped a decision to Charley Pope of Springfield.

Caprio and Borano are the best known of the Rhode Island team. All of the boys belong to the Anthony Club of Providence. The team arrived in Manchester at 4 o'clock this afternoon in order to rest a few hours before going into the ring.

One hundred seats on the running track and two hundred on the floor around the ring have been reserved. The first day the reserved seats went on sale, over 75 were sold in the mills. This seems to indicate that tonight's program will attract a much larger crowd than that which attended the first show. There will be two hundred rush seats which will be practically as good as those at the ringside.

DOG DERBY
Quebec, Dec. 6.—Quebec's annual Dog Derby, which attracts the leading mushers of the north and western wildernesses, will be run over a 120-mile course for three days beginning February 20th. It is announced. Winter sports officials declare the entry list for this year will be greater than ever before.

GREAT RECORD



LOREN BROWN

Loren Brown, Michigan State college cross-country star, has proven that brown and height have little to do with the proficiency of a carrier. Weighing but 110 pounds and standing only a few inches over five feet Brown has been a consistent winner this fall, leading his team to victory over Marquette, Notre Dame and University of Michigan teams. On the University of Michigan course Brown broke the western conference record that was made by Phelps of Iowa in 1924. Brown's time was 25 minutes 31 seconds for the five-mile run, easily 30 seconds better than Phelps' mark.



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GLASTENBURY HEALTH UNDERWEAR FOR MEN

Spring Needle Knit Ribbed UNION SUITS \$4 to \$7.50 Per Suit

Flat Knit SHIRTS and DRAWERS \$2 to \$4.50 Per Garment

Australian WOOL and COTTON MIXTURES and ALL WOOL LIGHT, MEDIUM and HEAVY WEIGHTS. NIGHT GRADES

Guaranteed Not to Shrink

75 YEARS REPUTATION

For Booklet, Address GLASTENBURY KNITTING CO. Glastenbury, Conn.

Sold by Leading Dealers

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SHAVED TO FIT THE FIGURE SERVICE

GLASTENBURY HEALTH UNDERWEAR FOR MEN

Chesterfield

smokers don't change with the moon...

but watch how other smokers are changing to Chesterfield!

FOR THE BEST OF GOOD REASONS BETTER TASTE!

By Percy L. Crosby

FLAPPER FANNY SAYS:



Economy is saving on one thing you can buy something else.

SENSE and NONSENSE

"Well," sighed the pedestrian at the close of a harrowing day, "I certainly suffer from that run-down feeling."

Cop—Who was driving when you hit that car? Drunk (triumphantly)—None of us; we was all on the back seat.

There will always be a few horses in this country. They will be needed to pull the autos out of the occasional mudhole. The latest thing in Fords, from Burnside: The Ford is my auto. I shall not want another. It maketh me to lie down beneath it. It leadeth me in the path of ridicule for its name sake. Yea, though I ride through the valleys, I am towed up the hill. Thy rod and thy engine discomfort me. I have blowouts in the presence of mine enemies. I annoint my tires with patches. My radiator bolleth over. Surely if this thing follows me all the days of my life, I shall dwell in the bug-house forever!

LETTER GOLF

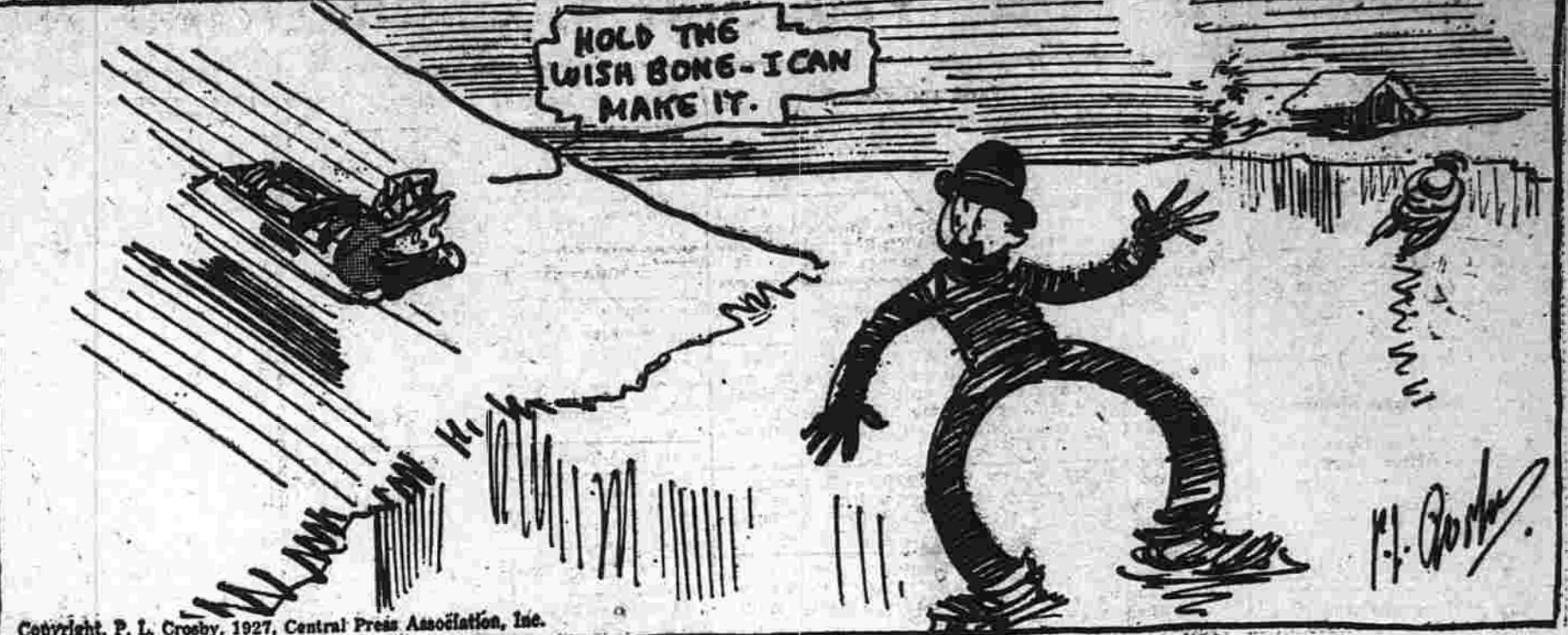
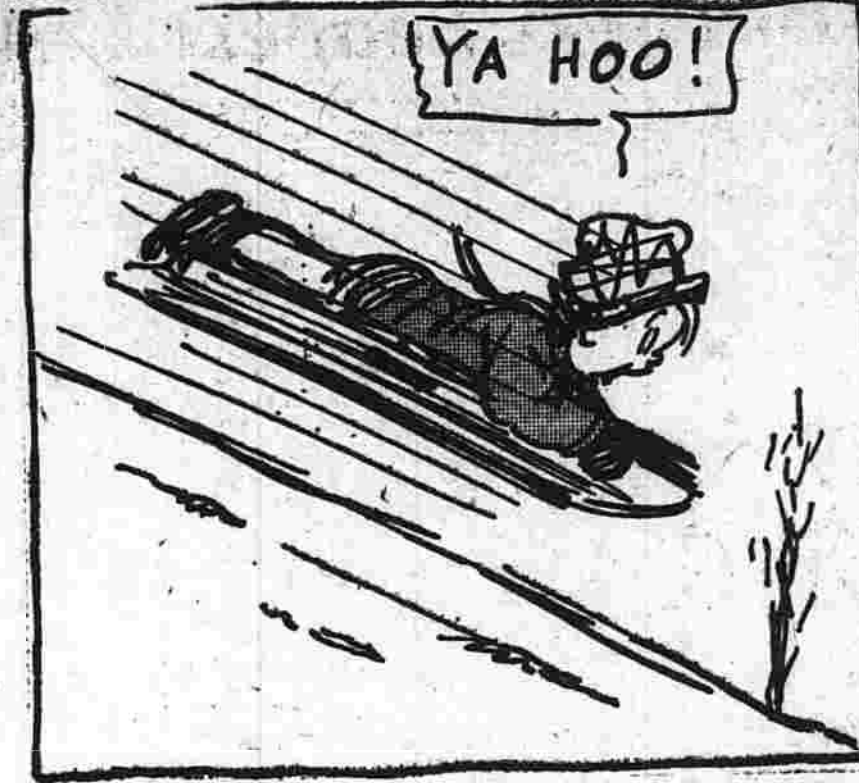
FROM DOVER TO PARIS is quite a swim and a hike. According to Letter Golf, however, it takes only seven strokes with a pencil to make the change. Par solution is printed on another page. Don't forget that par is there only to be beaten.

Grid for Letter Golf with words DOVER and PARIS.

THE RULES 1-The idea of letter golf is to change one word to another and do it in par, a given number of strokes. Thus to change COW to HEN, in three strokes, COW, HOW, HEW, HEN.

INVENTION WANTED: Motor brakes that get tight with the driver.

SKIPPY



High Spots in the Life of Little Stanley

By Fontaine Fox



© Fontaine Fox, 1927, The Bell Syndicate, Inc.

WASHINGTON TUBBS II

By Crane

NO KNOWING THE DREAD FATE AWAITING THEM IN CASE OF RECAPTURE AT THE HANDS OF BRICK BANGS BOYS, WASH AND GOZY CHOOSE THAT IN PREFERENCE TO BEING DASHED OVER A WATER-FALL DESPERATE— THEIR ONLY HOPE NOW IS IN FIGHTING THEIR WAY FREE AGAINST TERRIFIC ODDS.

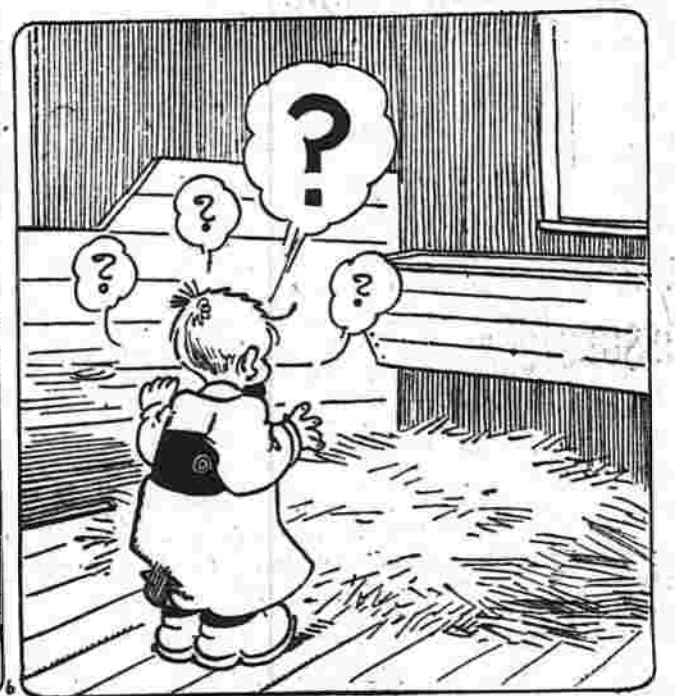


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FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS

The Best in the School

By Blosser



EXTRA TAGS PONY 'LINDY' HAS MYSTERIOUSLY DISAPPEARED!! CAN IT BE THAT SOMEONE HAS STOLEN LINDY?!

SALESMAN SAM

He's No Weaking

By Small



THE TINYMITES



(READ THE STORY, THEN COLOR THE PICTURE) "Whose hand is reaching down in here?" yelled Clowny Tinymite, in fear. "I'm sure it's going to grab us. Is there nothing we can do?" Then Scouty very loudly cried, "At least we all can try to hide, for if that hand gets hold of us, 'twill squeeze us right in two."

Jack Lockwill's Fighting Blood

by Gilbert Patten



Now Jack knew full well what he was doing. He knew he was flinging defiance amounting almost to less-majesty into the faces of those important upper-class men. Cannon flushed. "Why, you insolent puppy!" he exclaimed. "You need a lesson in politeness!" He sprang forward, grabbing at Jack's collar. Stepping aside, Jack rapped Cannon's wrist with the cane.

That brought a sharp cry of pain from the lips of the astonished senior. "I beg your pardon," said Jack in mock contrition. "You startled me, and I'm very nervous."

White with wrath, Cannon turned to his surprised classmates. "Don't let him run away now!" he cried, clinging to his benumbed wrist. "Get him!" They rushed at Jack. What followed amazed every beholder. As his athletic trainer, his guardian, "Brick" Judge, had employed the most expert fencing-master in America to instruct the way. Now young Lockwill, carrying his left arm in a sling, stood off those seven charging seniors with Willie Darling's stout, slender cane. The stick played a tattoo on their hands, wrists and arms. (To Be Continued)

Old Fashioned and Modern Dancing
AT
Odd Fellows' Hall
Tomorrow Night
Given by King David Lodge of Odd Fellows.
"Al" Behrend's Orchestra
"Lou" Beebe, Prompter
Admission 50c.

OLD TIME AND MODERN DANCING
Tomorrow Night
Buckland School Hall
Parent Teacher Assn.
4 Piece Orchestra. Adm. 40c.
PUBLIC WHIST
ODD FELLOWS HALL
Tuesday, Dec. 6, 8 p. m., Auspices
Sunset Rebekah and King David Lodge, I. O. O. F.
Refreshments. Admission 35c.

Transactions were completed yesterday afternoon at Judge O'Connell's office in Stafford, whereby John Reig of that place becomes the owner of the Rose block on Depot square. Max Fishman who sold the property to Mr. Reig, takes over a 50-acre tract on East Main street in Stafford from the latter in part payment. The transfers were made through the Wallace D. Robb agency.

FINDS MANSLAUGHTER IN DODROWSKY DEATH
Coroner Charges Gottier With Criminal Negligence in Rockville Tragedy.

Alfred Gottier, twenty year old Tolland youth, driver of the automobile which struck and fatally injured Gilbert Dodrowsky of Manchester, November 20, has been declared criminally negligent by Coroner John E. Fahy of Rockville and will be arraigned in police court in that city tomorrow morning on a charge of manslaughter. Gottier is held at the Rockville police headquarters under bail of \$3,500. In his official finding, Coroner Fahy states that Gottier was driving the automobile at reckless speed and was on the wrong side of the road at Windsor avenue near Wayside Gardens with his wife and infant child at the time of the accident. The baby was in his arms and was hurled through the windshield of the automobile when the father was knocked down, but is unharmed but her husband was thrown twenty feet across the road and fatally injured.

BUSINESS WOMEN'S MEETING PLANNED
To Hear Speaker of Hartford Women's Club at Community Club.

The number and diversity of occupation of business and professional women in the town is surprising, said George Washburn, Community Club director today, doctors, chemists, nurses, teachers, secretaries, business executives, are but a few of a large list of professions followed by some of our townswomen. However, they do not often have an opportunity to meet each other and discuss their everyday problems of the workaday world. To this end Mr. Washburn has extended invitations both written and verbal to many of our business and professional townswomen to attend a gathering at the "White House" for a social evening on Monday, Dec. 12 at 8 p. m. Director Washburn has made arrangements with Miss Marion Bills, president of the Hartford Professional and Business Women's club who will arrange for a speaker of unusual interest to address the all business and professional women of the town and it is hoped that they will all avail themselves of this opportunity for an enjoyable social evening.

OPEN FORUM

SNOW PLOWING

Editor Evening Herald: We note in your December 5th edition, under article headed, "White Winter Hits Town a Wall-lop," which states that the town highway department had Main street plowed this morning and except for a space between the travel portion of the road and the sidewalk, the street was clear. This space, left on each side of the road, represents the area used by parked cars, and could not be plowed by the department without scooping up auto and all. Did it ever occur to the town highway department that Main street could be cleared before so many cars were parked on the side of the road?
A TAXPAYER.

FILMO
The Personal Movie Camera
On Sale at
KEMP'S

ABOUT TOWN

Miss Finis Grant, royal matron of Chapman Court, Order of Amaranth, will entertain her associate officers and past matrons and patrons in the social room of the Masonic Temple, Friday evening of this week at 8 o'clock.

The ladies in charge of the South Methodist Christmas sale announce that the doors will be open at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of Thursday, the cafeteria supper will be served from 5 to 8 p. m. and the entertainment, for which there will be no charge, will begin soon after 8 o'clock.

Sunset Rebekah and King David Lodge of Odd Fellows will give the first of the new series of public whists in Odd Fellows hall this evening. Prizes will be given to the man or woman holding the highest score for the entire five card social, beginning with tonight's sitting. The regular prizes will be awarded the winners this evening and refreshments and a social hour will follow.

The Buckland Parent Teacher association will conduct another public dance at the school assembly hall tomorrow evening. An orchestra of four or five pieces will provide music and a prompter will call off the old-time dances.

The women of the Zion Lutheran church will hold their annual Christmas sale tomorrow afternoon and evening in their church on Cooper street. A light supper will be served.

The regular monthly meeting of the Buckland Parent-Teacher association last night was well attended and the members listened to an interesting talk by Elmer Thiens on "Recreation in Education." Reports were given of the recent successful Christmas sale. Plans were made for the anniversary supper in January. Good progress is being made on the arrangements for the children's annual Christmas tree entertainment. Mrs. John Derrick was appointed chairman of the flower committee. Chicken sandwiches, cake and coffee were served at the close of the meeting.

A bill of sale was filed at the office of the town clerk this morning transferring an undivided half interest in the Center Shoe Shining parlor to Peter Peperitis from Charles Matros, owner of the place.

The Girl Scout Drum and Bugle corp will meet at the Barnard school at 7 o'clock tomorrow evening. On December 14 the Girl Scouts will have their rally at the School street Recreation Center.

FOUR 100 PER CENTERS IN SCHOOL SAVINGS

All except two of the public schools in Manchester have at least seventy-five per cent of their enrollment making deposits under the School Savings System. The exceptions are the Washington and Lincoln schools, both of which have very heavy enrollments. The fact that it is possible for a school to attain a high percentage mark irrespective of the number of pupils is clearly shown by the example set by the North School street school, where 604 of the 609 pupils are depositors, an average of 99 per cent.

Four schools had one hundred per cent again, but there isn't such that's new in this, as these same schools seldom slip below high water mark. They are the Hollister street school with 289 pupils, Manchester Green with 254, South Main street school with 77 and Open Air with 15.

The summary for the week-ending November 29, as announced yesterday at the Savings Bank of Manchester is as follows:

School	Attendance	Percentage
Hollister st.	289	100
Man. Green	254	100
Open Air	15	100
North School st.	609	99
Oakland	20	95
Keeney st.	64	92
Buckland	116	88
Porter st.	100	86
Edithan Hale	471	84.5
Lincoln	83	70
Warner	464	75
Washington	361	232
Lincoln	425	242

MOOSE PLAN XMAS PARTY
ON EVENING OF DEC. 19.

Manchester lodge of Moose initiated seven candidates into membership last night at the first meeting of the month in Tinker hall. The initiation was followed by a business meeting. It was decided to follow the usual custom and hold a Christmas party for members and their families on Monday, December 19. There will be entertainment and Christmas carols and a supper supplied by the wives of members. The committee in charge of the affair comprises Walter DeVarney, Walter Smith, Joseph Barto, William Burke, John Thompson, George Mallon, William Brennan, William Warnock, Howard Matchett and Thomas Kerr.

MINTZ'S
Department Store
DEPOT SQUARE,
MANCHESTER
Open Every Night
Until 9 o'clock

HALE'S HEALTH MARKET

PORK CHOPS	2 lbs. 50c
SAUSAGE MEAT	2 lbs. 50c
LEAN POT ROAST	2 lbs. 50c
BACON	2 lbs. 50c
PORK ROAST	2 lbs. 50c
VEAL CUTLET	lb. 50c
SLICED SCOTCH HAM	lb. 50c
BEST BACON (rindless and sliced)	lb. 50c

'Self-Serve' Specials

CALIFORNIA Asparagus Tips	3 cans 50c
CALIFORNIA YELLOW CLING Peaches	4 cans 50c
CALIFORNIA Bartlett Pears	3 cans 50c
Tomatoes	3 cans 50c
No. 3 can. Corn, Peas, Tomatoes	5 cans 50c
PRINCESS Tomatoes	7 cans 50c

The J.W. Hale Company
SOUTH MANCHESTER, CONN.

Brown Thomson & Co.
Hartford's Shopping Center

You'll Find Easy Choice at Infants' Dept.

Not only clothes, but a host of suitables for Christmas gifts, that any youngster or its parents would gladly receive.

DAINTY LITTLE DRESSES from new baby size up. Great choice from \$1.00 to \$5.98 each.

CREPE DE CHINE DRESSES, smart and sweet, at a price range from \$3.50 to \$8.98 each.

SMART LITTLE SWEATERS that will receive full appreciation from \$1.89 to \$6.50 each.

LITTLE BOYS' SUITS that will delight them in style and kind, priced \$1.00 to \$5.98.

JERSEY DRESSES, warm and smart, just right for the cold weather, \$1.98 to \$8.98 each.

TEDDY SUITS that are so cuddly for the little tots winter wear, \$3.00 to \$8.98.

LITTLE BATH ROBES such as every youngster should be supplied with \$1.98 to \$4.50.

BABY BLANKETS, so soft, warm and handsome, gives you great choice, 50c to \$9.98 each.

CARRIAGE ROBES to protect your darling on its daily airing, \$2.25 to \$15.00 each.

CARRIAGE COATS that combine attractive appearance and comfort, \$1.98 to \$4.50.

BABY SHOES, BONNETS, and many, many more suitables and Toys, fine for Christmas at "BABYLAND" one floor up.

Calenders

ART CALENDERS
EASEL CALENDARS
REMINDER CALENDARS
BIBLICAL CALENDARS
PICTURE CALENDARS
FRAMED CALENDARS

10c to \$1.00

Dairies for 1927

Dairies with and without flaps, one, two and three days to a page

35c to \$2.00

Daily Reminders from pocket size to eight by twelve inch size

15c to \$2.25

Dewey-Richman Co.
Jewelers, Stationers, Silversmiths
The Home of "Gifts That Last"
767 Main Street

Reymander's Market
1069 Main Street, Opposite Army & Navy Club
Phone 456 We Deliver

FRESH FISH

Haddock	15c lb.	Boston Blues	25c lb.
Mackerel	25c lb.	Salmon	40c lb.
Herring	15c lb.	Smelts	35c lb.
Steak Cod	25c lb.	Halibut	45c lb.
Flounders	20c lb.	Butterfish	30c lb.
Fillet of Haddock	30c lb.	Fresh Eels	35c lb.

Smoked Fillet of Haddock, Oysters, Quohaugs, Steaming Clams

FRESH FRUITS AND VEGETABLES IN GOOD ASSORTMENT

Weed Tire Chains

25 per cent Reduction

F. T. Blish Hardware Co.

Wednesday Morning 50c SPECIALS

Every Department Has Something to Offer That Will Be Suitable for Someone on Your List.

Store Closes at Noon

Tomorrow One Lot Evergreen Christmas Wreaths 50c Each

Each wreath is attractively trimmed with a poinsettia. Come early for best selections as we have only a few to sell at 50c each.

What do you know about Christmas? What Christmas story is called the greatest little book in the world?

YESTERDAY'S QUESTION
Q. What connection with Christmas has Nuremberg?
A. A German city given almost entirely to manufacture of toys.

25 Only
Airplane Flying Kites
50c each
Regular Price \$1.50

We have only twenty-five of these flying kites to close-out at 50c each. They measure 45 inches long. What youngster wouldn't love to get one for Christmas. While they last—50c each.

TURKISH TOWELS 2 for 50c
Extra heavy, plain white turkish towels in the medium size. If you crochet a neat edge on these towels they will make inexpensive but practical gifts.

HUCK TOWELS each 50c
Part linen huck towels in plain white or novelty checks in blue, rose, lavender and gold.

FACE CLOTHS box 50c
The box consists of three turkish face cloths in assorted fast colors. Ravel proof. An inexpensive but useful gift.

PERCALE 2 yards 50c
36 inches wide. New patterns and colorings that will make up into attractive aprons.

RAYON VESTS 50c
Heavy quality rayon vests with picoted straps. Pastel shades. Sizes 36 to 44.

RAYON HOSE pair 50c
First quality rayon hose with the popular three seam back. Smart, popular tan and gray shades, as well as black and white.

CHILDREN'S SOCKS pair 50c
Children's sport socks in good looking stripes and plaids. The youngster will like one or two pair of these to wear to school and for sport wear.

GIRLS' AND BOYS' BOOKS 50c
What girl and boy doesn't like to receive books? At fifty cents the book includes the Bobsey Twins, Curly Top, Billy Bradley, Roy Blakely and Saddle Boy series.

CASHMERE HOSE 50c
Children's wool cashmere hose boxed in our own white box ready to give as a gift. Sizes 4 1/2 to 6 1/2. Colors: white, tan and blue.

PERCALE APRONS 50c
A new shipment of percale aprons that any housewife will delight in receiving. Ric rae trimmed.

HANDKERCHIEFS box 50c
Three dainty muslin handkerchiefs attractively boxed. Plain white with embroidered corners in white or colors. Good quality.

STATIONERY box 50c
Good quality stationery in plain white or tints. Some of the boxes have correspondent cards, others plain stationery.

BOULTON'S BODY POWDER jar 50c
Attractive glass jars in blue, gold, rose, etc., filled with Boulton's body powder and has a large puff.

PEARLS box 50c
Peter Pan pearl choker beads that will please the young flapper. Beautiful pearls in the popular size.

NOVELTY KIDDY SETS 50c
The set consists of a hand painted purse and mirror. What young miss will not enjoy receiving this set.

NEEDLE BOOKS 50c
Packed with assorted Crowley needles. The lady that is "busy with the needle" will appreciate a needle book. Leather case.

ASH TRAYS 50c
Nickle plated ash trays with colored linings. As a little extra gift, this ash tray will suit him to a T.

GLASS VASES 50c
Beautiful blue glass vases with silver decorations. Stands 6 inches high. In this assortment you will also find a few bud vases.

CHRISTMAS WINDOW CANDLE SETS 50c
The set consists of pair of green candle holders and a pair of 14 inch Christmas candles. Just the set to put in your window Christmas eve.

CHILDREN'S 6 PIECE ALUMINUM SETS 50c
The set consists of two cups and saucers and a tea pot. The young housewife will be delighted with this set.

MECHANICAL WIND-UP TOYS 50c
We have a large stock of these popular mechanical wind-up toys.

FLYING SHIPS 50c
The "Los Angeles" flying ship. They are finished in gray with red and blue stripes. 10 inches long.

BELL TOYS 50c
These chime toys always amuse the youngsters. The assortment includes rattles, bells, pull toys, etc.

TOY TELEPHONES 50c
Small toy telephones always please the youngsters.

BLOCK SETS 50c
What youngster doesn't like to play with blocks? These pyramid sets are just what the youngster will like to get for Christmas.

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